Illinois Environmental Protection Agency

2520 West Iles Avenue • P.O. Box 19276 • Springfield • Illinois • 62794-9276 • (217) 782-3397

Division of Water Pollution Control
ANNUAL FACILITY INSPECTION REPORT
for NPDES Permit for Storm Water Discharges from Separate Storm Sewer Systems (MS4)

This fillable form may be completed online, a copy saved locally, printed and signed before it is submitted to the Compliance Assurance Section at the above address. Complete each section of this report.

Report Period: From March, 2025 To March, 2026

Permit No. ILR40 0210

MS4 OPERATOR INFORMATION: (As it appears on the current permit)

Name: Village of Hoffman Estates Mailing Address 1: 1900 Hassell Road

Mailing Address 2: County: Cook

City: Hoffman Estates State: IL Zip: 60169 Telephone: 847-252-5802

Contact Person: Alan Wenderski Email Address: alan.wenderski@vohe.org
(Person responsible for Annual Report)

Name(s) of governmental entity(ies) in which MS4 is located: (As it appears on the current permit)

Village of Hoffman Estates Cook County

THE FOLLOWING ITEMS MUST BE ADDRESSED.

A. Changes to best management practices (check appropriate BMP change(s) and attach information regarding change(s) to BMP and measurable goals.)

1. Public Education and Outreach ☐
2. Public Participation/Involvement ☐
3. Illicit Discharge Detection & Elimination ☐
4. Construction Site Runoff Control ☐
5. Post-Construction Runoff Control ☐
6. Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping ☐

B. Attach the status of compliance with permit conditions, an assessment of the appropriateness of your identified best management practices and progress towards achieving the statutory goal of reducing the discharge of pollutants to the MEP, and your identified measurable goals for each of the minimum control measures.

C. Attach results of information collected and analyzed, including monitoring data, if any during the reporting period.

D. Attach a summary of the storm water activities you plan to undertake during the next reporting cycle (including an implementation schedule.)

E. Attach notice that you are relying on another government entity to satisfy some of your permit obligations (if applicable).

F. Attach a list of construction projects that your entity has paid for during the reporting period.

Any person who knowingly makes a false, fictitious, or fraudulent material statement, orally or in writing, to the Illinois EPA commits a Class 4 felony. A second or subsequent offense after conviction is a Class 3 felony. (415 ILCS 5/44(h))

Owner Signature: Date: 5/29/26

Alan Wenderski Director of Engineering

Printed Name: Title:

EMAIL COMPLETED FORM TO: epa.ms4annualinsp@illinois.gov

or Mail to: ILLINOIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WATER POLLUTION CONTROL
COMPLIANCE ASSURANCE SECTION #19
2520 WEST ILES AVENUE
POST OFFICE BOX 19276
SPRINGFIELD, ILLINOIS 62794-9276

VILLAGE OF HOFFMAN ESTATES, ILLINOIS
2025 IEPA ANNUAL FACILITY INSPECTION REPORT

NPDES PERMIT FOR STORMWATER DISCHARGES
FROM MUNICIPAL SEPARATE STORM SEWER SYSTEMS (MS4)
MARCH 2025 – MARCH 2026 REPORTING PERIOD

A. CHANGES TO BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPs)

There have been no changes to the BMPs in the Village's Notice of Intent (NOI) for the reporting period.

B. STATUS OF COMPLIANCE WITH PERMIT CONDITIONS

The Village of Hoffman Estates is committed to the implementation of BMPs to meet the requirements of the NPDES Phase II Stormwater Program. At this time, most of the measurable goals have been met or exceeded. In particular, these goals are noted for all site development construction projects.

The Village has implemented numerous BMPs in compliance with the goals outlined in the Village's 2021 NOI. The following is a status report on each of the BMPs and the activities that were taken during the March 2025 through March 2026 reporting period. The status or progress summary for each of the six minimum control measures in the MS4 Permit are provided below.

BMP A1: Distributed Paper Material

Measurable Goal(s): Publish one stormwater pollution prevention related article annually in the Village-wide newsletter.

Milestones: Publish one stormwater pollution prevention related article annually.

Status: The Village publishes a newsletter that is mailed directly to residents and businesses in the Village. The Village continued publishing stormwater quality articles within the newsletter during the reporting period.

In the July 2025 edition of the resident newsletter, one article was published related to stormwater education and management: "Drainage Advice from the Engineering Division". Another article, "Ten facts about storm water" was published in September 2025 and detailed stormwater collection and contamination prevention.

The Village also maintains electronic copies of its stormwater quality articles online for residents to view at any time.

BMP A3: Public Service Announcement

Measurable Goals: Twice per year, announce residential and commercial waste and recycling management opportunities through the Village website and newsletter.

Milestones: Twice per year, announce residential and commercial waste and recycling management opportunities online and through the newsletter.

BMP Status: The Village publishes a newsletter that is mailed directly to residents and businesses. The Village published notices of recycling and waste management opportunities throughout the reporting period. This includes information about the brush pick-up program published in March and September; the brush drop-off program published in May, July, and September; the large recycling event to collect electronics, documents for shredding, drugs/sharps, light bulbs, batteries, and other items; and the holiday light recycling program. These articles, and others, remind readers of the proper disposal or recycling options that are available.

In 2025, electronics were collected throughout the reporting period, and the single-day recycling event held in August each year. Additionally, documents were collected for shredding. These opportunities are supported by regular notifications from the Village to residents throughout the year.

The Village utilizes the services of the Solid Waste Agency of Northern Cook County (SWANCC) to accept household hazardous materials from residents and businesses. Various events occur throughout the year to provide drop-off locations or information about permanent SWANCC facilities that provide appropriate disposal sites for these materials.

The Village regularly updates its website by posting copies of the latest resident newsletters, as well as an archive of older editions. Information within the newsletter includes content provided by the Sustainability Commission, Public Works Department, Engineering, and Code Enforcement. Upcoming recycling events are also announced on the Village's homepage.

BMP A4: Community Events

Measurable Goals: The Village improvement day will be held annually to help decrease environmental and stormwater pollution.

Milestones: Continue to host an annual Improvement Day event.

BMP Status: The Village's Public Works Department conducts weekly right-of-way checks along major roadways to minimize illegal dumping and ensure materials are disposed of correctly. This weekly effort is conducted by department staff, removing debris from the Village Hall and Police Department and Golf Road, Higgins Road, Roselle Road, Algonquin Road, and Huntington Boulevard rights-of-way. The Forestry division also collects refuse at mowing sites and debris that has gathered in areas snow-fenced by the Village. Public Works also holds an annual ROW clean-up effort, assigning staff to specific locations to address targeted areas.

BMP B1: Public Panel

Measurable Goals: Hold one meeting every 18 months to discuss the NOI. MS4 inspection report, the Village's Stormwater Management Plan, and the stormwater-related activities and projects the Village has recently completed.

Milestones: The Stormwater Management Committee will meet, at minimum, once every 18 months.

BMP Status: During the August 2024 meeting of the Public Works and Utilities Commission, a discussion was held on NPDES general permit ILR40 for discharge from small municipal MS4s. The meeting included an opportunity for public comment.

BMP B7: Other Public Involvement

Measurable Goals: The Village will inform residents and businesses the contact number to report stormwater related issues.

Milestones: Inform residents and businesses of the existing contact number.

BMP Status: The Village publishes a newsletter that is mailed directly to residents and businesses bi-monthly. The newsletter includes the contact number to report illegal dumping and spills within the stormwater quality article published during the reporting period.

One article was published during this reporting period that requested residents and businesses help in keeping stormwater pollution at a minimum and how to report issues or concerns. The article, "Ten facts about stormwater", was published in September 2024. This article discusses water conservation tips and the efforts that the Village makes to keep debris and chemicals out of the stormwater system, with help from residents and businesses.

The Village also maintains electronic copies of its stormwater quality articles online for residents to view at any time. The Public Works Department also has a webpage outlining its storm sewer

maintenance responsibilities where readers are encouraged to use the contact number to report any violations or contaminants.

BMP C1: Storm Sewer Atlas

Measurable Goals: Annually review the storm sewer map with respect to Village projects and new developments that have occurred and update, as needed.

Milestones: Review the storm sewer map and update, as needed.

BMP Status: The Village has an existing storm sewer map that is updated routinely in a GIS system. Both Public Works and GIS employees monitor, maintain, and verify the accuracy of the storm sewer system map, which allows detailed information to be incorporated during site development and other Village projects.

BMP C2: Regulatory Control Program

Measurable Goals: Enforce the Village Code to regulate discharges into the storm sewer system.

Milestones: Continue to enforce the Village Code for illicit discharges.

BMP Status: The Village continues to enforce its Code, prohibiting non-stormwater discharges into the storm sewer system.

BMP C3/C7: Detection/Elimination Prioritization Plan

Measurable Goals: Continually inspect and monitor outfalls and discharges for the detection and elimination of illicit discharges.

Milestone: Continue to inspect and monitor for illicit discharges.

BMP Status: The Village's Public Works Department performs monthly inspections of outfalls and creeks to monitor for illicit discharge. Inspection results are recorded and maintained for historical reference.

BMP C9: Public Notification

Measurable Goals: The Village will inform residents and businesses annually of the contact number to report illegal dumping or illicit discharges.

Milestone: Inform residents and businesses of the contact number.

BMP Status: The public is encouraged to report any deficiencies, blockages, or illicit discharges through the Village-wide newsletter, social media channels, and the Village website. Homeowners are

encouraged to report any possible code violation and/or contamination that may have occurred.

BMP C10: Other Illicit Discharge Controls

Measurable Goals: Annually review the streets considered for reconstruction and indicate on the construction plans which inlet structures are to receive stencils (or equivalent) messages.

Milestone: Continue the program to stencil inlets during road reconstruction.

BMP Status: The Village's road reconstruction program requires that all new storm drain grates shall be Neenah R-3278-A with barred style curb box, or approved equivalent. with the message "DUMP NO WASTE, DRAINS TO WATERWAY" displayed. For the 2024/25 road reconstruction program, 52 new B6 frame and grates and 11 new M3-12 frame and grates, a total of 67 grates, were installed at various street locations.

BMP D1/D2/D4/D6: Regulatory Control Program, Erosion and Sediment Control BMPs, Site Plan Review Procedures, and Site Inspection/Enforcement Procedures

Measurable Goals: Continually enforce the Village Code and the Engineering Development Standards Manual by requiring erosion and sediment control BMPs and inspecting construction sites.

Milestone: Review site plans for appropriate BMPs, inspect construction sites for proper installation and maintenance of BMPs, and respond to complaints accordingly.

BMP Status: The Village requires erosion and sediment control BMPs for all projects. The Village reviews site plans and inspects construction sites to ensure conformance with Village Ordinance 10-3-13: the Village requires erosion and sediment control BMP designs prior to construction. The Village reviews plans for approval.

BMP E2/E3/E4/E5/E6: Regulatory Control Program, Long-term Operation and Maintenance Procedures, Pre-construction Review of BMP Designs, Site Inspections During Construction, and Post-construction Inspections

Measurable Goals: Continually enforce the Village Code and the Engineering Development Standards Manual to prevent stormwater pollution resulting from post-construction runoff.

Milestone: Review site plans for appropriate BMPs, inspect construction sites for substantial conformance with the approved site plans, and ensure long-term maintenance of the BMPs.

BMP Status: Per Ordinance 10-3-13, the Village requires erosion and sediment control (ESC) BMP designs prior to construction. The Village

reviews the ESC plans for approval. New detention basin designs and BMPs are incorporated, depending on site conditions, to lessen polluted runoff from exiting the site. Construction sites are inspected during and after construction for conformance.

BMP F1: Employee Training Program

Measurable Goals: Annually provide Village employees with seminars or workshops for stormwater pollution prevention for municipal operations and illicit discharge detection and elimination. Other training occurs less formally in an on-the-job fashion.

Milestone: Continue stormwater pollution prevention training for Village employees.

BMP Status: The Public Works Department currently conducts regular employee training, including new employee orientation, to prevent or reduce stormwater pollution from municipal activities. Employee training for material handling, storage, inspection, and maintenance is also utilized by the Village to help prevent and reduce stormwater pollution.

Public Works conducted its annual Hazardous Material Awareness Training, inclusive of MSDS review and GHS Hazard Information training for all employees in MONTH YEAR. In addition, annual staff training on winter road salt and deicing applications was completed before the snow season began.

The Village also participates in DuPage River Salt Creek Workgroup (DRSCW) workshops, training opportunities, special meetings, and educational activities for additional staff development opportunities.

BMP F2: Inspection and Maintenance Program

Measurable Goals: Continually inspect and maintain the storm sewer system.

Milestone: Continue conducting formal inspection and maintenance.

BMP Status: The Public Works Department has a formal Standard Operating Procedure in place for drainage system maintenance that is followed semi-annually, or more frequently after major storm events. Currently, the storm sewer inspection and maintenance program is conducted on various inlets and outfalls at various locations each year based on inspection logs. Regular inspection and maintenance is designed to reduce pollutant runoff from municipal facilities and as a product of municipal operations. Employee training for material handling, storage, inspection, and maintenance is also an important component in preventing stormwater pollution.

BMP F3: Municipal Operations – Stormwater Control

Measurable Goals: Continue the street sweeping program; continue offering seasonal curbside yard waste and leaf collection weekly.

Milestone: Continue current programs.

BMP Status: The Public Works Department oversees the street sweeping program, which conducts four Village-wide sweeps, typically in May, June, August, and October/November, and two partial sweeps, as needed.

The Village continues to offer seasonal curbside yard waste and leaf collection through the Village's waste management provider. Spring and fall branch pick-up programs are also offered annually through the Public Works Department. These services are advertised through the Village newsletter.

C. INFORMATION AND DATA COLLECTION RESULTS

The Village of Hoffman Estates participates in the DuPage River Salt Creek Workgroup and supports its water quality monitoring program, which meets the MS4 permit objectives and requirements. The DRSCW reports containing monitoring data that was collected and analyzed for Salt Creek, including reducing chloride impairments from deicing measures, can be reviewed under the attachment for Section C. The Village is also a participating member of the Upper Salt Creek Watershed Planning Council with the Northwest Municipal Conference.

Various agencies have water quality monitoring data for Poplar Creek, including the Fox River Study Group (FRSG), Poplar Creek Watershed Planning Council, IEPA, Forest Preserves of Cook County, Illinois State Water Survey, and Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Chicago's Watershed Management Ordinance (WMO).

In accordance with ILR40 V.A.2.b.x, the FRSG satisfies the monitoring requirements for the portion of the community located within the Fox River Watershed. The FRSG has developed the Fox River Implementation Plan (FRIP) to take the place of a traditional TMDL for dissolved oxygen and nuisance algae in the Fox River. The FRSG coordinates with the IEPA on the efforts described in the FRIP.

The Village is committed to participating in the FRSG and supporting its efforts and those developed by the Poplar Creek Watershed Planning Council through the Northwest Municipal Conference.

D. SUMMARY OF NEXT REPORTING PERIOD STORMWATER ACTIVITIES

The activities mentioned below are based upon the existing 2021 NOI document and are subject to change when the new permit is issued, The Village's annual report for 2025-2026 will reflect changes made for the new permit.

A summary of the stormwater activities planned by the Village during the next reporting cycle is presented below:

BMP A1: Distributed Paper Material

Measurable Goals: Publish one stormwater pollution prevention related article annually in the Village-wide newsletter.

Milestone: Publish one stormwater pollution prevention related article annually.

BMP A3: Public Service Announcement

Measurable Goals: Twice per year, announce residential and commercial waste and recycling management opportunities through the Village website and newsletter.

Milestone: Twice per year, announce residential and commercial waste and recycling management opportunities.

BMP A4: Community Event

Measurable Goals: The Village Improvement Day will be held annually to help decrease environmental and stormwater pollution.

Milestones: Continue to host Improvement Day annually.

BMP B1: Public Panel

Measurable Goals: Hold one meeting annually to discuss the NOI, MS4 annual inspection report, Village's Stormwater Management Plan, and stormwater-related activities and projects.

Milestone: The Stormwater Management Committee will meet, as needed.

BMP B7: Other Public Involvement

Measurable Goals: The Village will inform residents and businesses twice per year of the existence of a contact number to report stormwater-related issues.

Milestone: Inform residents and businesses of the existence of a contact number to report stormwater-related issues.

BMP C1: Stormwater Atlas

Measurable Goals: Annually review the stormwater map with respect to Village projects and new developments that have occurred and update, as needed.

Milestone: Review the stormwater map and update, as needed.

BMP C2: Regulatory Control Program

Measurable Goals: Enforce the Village Code to regulate discharges into the storm sewer system.

Milestone: Continue to enforce the Village Code for illicit discharges.

BMP C3: Detection/Elimination Prioritization Plan

Measurable Goals: Continually inspect and monitor outfalls and discharges for the detection and elimination of illicit discharges.

Milestone: Continue to inspect and monitor for illicit discharges.

BMP C7: Visual Dry Weather Screening

Measurable Goals: Continually inspect and monitor outfalls and discharges for the detection and elimination of illicit discharges.

Milestone: Continue to inspect and monitor for illicit discharges.

BMP C9: Public Notification

Measurable Goals: Inform residents and businesses annually of the existence of a contact number to report illegal dumping or illicit discharges.

Milestone: Inform residents and businesses of the existence of a contact number to report illegal dumping or illicit discharges.

BMP C10: Other Illicit Discharge Controls

Measurable Goals: Annually review the streets considered for construction in the Street Project and indicate on the plans which inlet structures are to receive stenciled (or equivalent) messages.

Milestone: Continue program to stencil inlets (and/or equivalent by replacing frame and grates) within the Street Project.

BMP D1/D2/D4/D6: Regulatory Control Program, Erosion and Sediment Control BMPs, Site Plan Review Procedures, and Site Inspection/Enforcement Procedures

Measurable Goals: Continually enforce the Village Code and Engineering Development Standards Manual by requiring erosion and sediment control BMPs and inspection construction sites.

Milestone: Review site plans for appropriate BMPs, inspect construction sites for proper installation and maintenance of BMPs, and respond to complaints.

BMP E2/E3/E4/E5/E6: Regulatory Control Program, Long-term Operations and Maintenance Procedures, Pre-construction Review of BMP Designs, Site Inspections During Construction, and Post-construction Inspections

Measurable Goals: Continually enforce the Village Code and the Engineering Development Standards Manual to prevent stormwater pollution resulting from post-construction runoff.

Milestone: Review site plans for appropriate BMPs, inspect construction sites for substantial conformance with the approved site plans, and ensure long-term maintenance of the BMPs.

BMP F1: Employee Training Program

Measurable Goals: Annually provide Village employees with seminars or workshops for stormwater pollution prevention for municipal operations and illicit discharge detection and elimination. Other training occurs less formally in an on-the-job fashion.

Milestone: Continue stormwater pollution prevention training for Village employees.

BMP F2: Inspection and Maintenance Program

Measurable Goals: Continually inspect and maintain the storm sewer system.

Milestone: Continue conducting formal inspection and maintenance of the storm sewer system.

BMP F3: Municipal Operations Stormwater Control

Measurable Goals: Continue the street sweeping program. Continue offering seasonal curbside yard waste and leaf collection.

Milestones: Continue current programs with the current schedule.

E. NOTICE OF RELIANCE ON ANOTHER GOVERNMENT ENTITY

The Village of Hoffman Estates relies on the Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Chicago to enforce the Cook County Watershed Management Ordinance.

F. CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS DURING REPORTING

The following construction project(s), which have a disturbed area greater than one acre, were active during the reporting period:

- 2025 Street Revitalization Project #1
- 2025 Street Revitalization Project #2
- Hassell Road Resurfacing

DRSCW ILR40 Activities
March 2025– March 2026

PART I. COVERAGE UNDER GENERAL PERMITS ILR40

Not applicable to the work of the DRSCW.

PART II. NOTICE OF INTENT (NOI) REQUIREMENTS

Not applicable to the work of the DRSCW.

PART III. SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Not applicable to the work of the DRSCW.

PART IV. STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROGRAMS

A. Requirements

Not applicable to the work of the DRSCW.

B. Minimum Control Measure

1. Public Education and Outreach on Stormwater Impacts

DRSCW outreach activities for the reporting year ending March 31, 2026 included:

- The DRSCW and Salt Smart websites were updated and maintained during the reporting period and periodically updated with presentations and material (www.drscw.org).
- Public information available on the websites includes:
  - Chloride Fact Sheets aimed at mayors and managers, public works staff, commercial operators, and homeowners.
  - Model Salt Storage and Handling Ordinances and Policies.
  - Model Facilities Plan for Snow and Ice Control.
  - A fact sheet summarizing alternative deicing products.
  - Information of effective operating parameters for commonly used anti-icing compounds.
  - Parking lots chloride application rate guidance example sheet and aide memoire.
  - A brochure on coal tar sealants as a source of Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) aimed at homeowners (produced by the University of New Hampshire Stormwater Center).

- Fact sheets summarizing the presence of Hydrilla in Ginger Creek and steps to keep the invasive week from spreading.
- Detailed reports on the biological, physicaland chemical conditions of area waterways.

Technical Presentations

Workgroup meetings: The Workgroup hosts bimonthly meetings where technical presentations are made on a variety of water quality topics and surface water management subjects. The audience consists of mainly stormwater and wastewater professionals but the public is welcome to attend. Presentations made during the period March 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026 are listed below. Selected presentations are made available on the DRSCW website and upon request. Technical presentations have also been approved by the IEPA as CEUs for the Wastewater Operator and Drinking Water Operator Certifications.

April 30, 2025 – Emerging Contaminants in Our Environment. Presenter: Sarah Zack, Great Lakes Contaminant Specialist, Illinois-Indiana Sea Grant.

June 25, 2025 – 2021 Salt Creek Bioassessment. Presenter: Ed Rankin, Senior Research Associate, Midwest Biodiversity Institute.

August 27, 2025 – Environmental DNA metabarcoding for whole community inventories of vertebrates in rivers of the midwestern United States. Presenter: Sophie Picq, eDNA Research Scientist / Head of the Biomolecular Clean Laboratory, Field Museum of Natural History.

October 29, 2025 – How Can Salt Smart Assist with Chloride Related Permit Obligations. Presenter: Hanna Miller, Watershed Project Manager, The Conservation Foundation.

October 29, 2025 – DRSCW Special Conditions Projects Phase 2. Presenter: Alex Handel, Watershed Scientist, The Conservation Foundation.

December 3, 2025 – Lower East Branch DuPage River Stream Restoration Project. Presenter: Deanna Doohaluk, The Conservation Foundation.

Other Water Quality Presentations or Workshops by the DRSCW

June 3, 2025– Tour of Fullersburg Woods Dam Removal and Stream Restoration Project,
La Grange League of Women Voters and Salt Creek Watershed Network. Presenters: Deanna Doohaluk and Stephen McCracken, The Conservation Foundation.

June 13, 2025 – Tour of Fullersburg Woods Dam Removal and Stream Restoration Project, The Conservation Foundation Staff and Board Retreat. Presenters: Deanna Doohaluk and Stephen McCracken, The Conservation Foundation.

October 7, 2025 – Illinois Institute of Technology Presentation and round table discussion with students on water quality and surface water management. Presenter: Stephen McCracken, The Conservation Foundation.

October 8, 2025 – Fox River Ecosystem Partnership (FREP) Noon Network– field tour of Fullersburg Dam removal in Oakbrook, DuPage County. Presenters: Erik Neidy, DuPage County Forest Preserve District, Deanna Doohaluk, Stephen McCracken, DuPage River/Salt Creek Work Group, Tim Pollowy, Hey and Associates, Inc.

October 23, 2025 – IPRA Recognized Project Presentation, Master Plan at Fullersburg Woods. Virtual. Presenter: Stephen McCracken (filling in for Eric Neidy, Forest Preserve District of DuPage County). The Conservation Foundation.

January 30, 2026 – Update on NARPs. IWEA Governmental Affairs Workshop. Presenters: Rick Manner, Urbana & Champaign Sanitary District and Stephen McCracken, The Conservation Foundation.

February 22-25, 2026 – Partnership for River Restoration and Science in the Upper Midwest (PRRSUM) – Plenary Session. Presenter: Stephen McCracken, The Conservation Foundation.

March 25, 2026 – Stream Restoration as a Tool for Meeting Waste Water Permit Compliance. FS North Central Division Rivers and Stream Technical Committee. Rock Island, IL. Presenter: Stephen McCracken, The Conservation Foundation.

2. Public Involvement and Participation **–** No Activities

3. Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination – No Activities

4. Construction Site Storm Water Runoff Control - No Activities

5. Post-Construction Storm Water Management in New Development and Redevelopment - No Activities

6. Pollution Prevention/Good Housekeeping for Municipal Operations – No Activities

Chloride Questionnaires

The DRSCW has worked to track adoption of sensible salting BMPs in the program area since 2007. This is done as ambient chloride concentration monitoring; and while the ultimate indicator of success, it has proven an imperfect metric for tracking efficiency trends in winter salt use. Tracking target BMP adoption in the program area allows the DRSCW to evaluate the success of the chloride management workshops. Historically the public roads and parking lots/sidewalks workshops have covered the following practices:

- Winter weather tracking and planning
- Behavior of commonly used deicing compounds
- Product and chemical alternatives
- Equipment calibration training
- Application rates
- Equipment and salt application advancements
- Salt usage, storage and deicing best management practices
- Example salt use policies and management plans

The questionnaires also help identify topics for future workshops and form suppositions about salt use per unit of service expended inside the program area relative to 2006 levels. Questionnaires were distributed in 2007, 2010, 2012, 2014, 2016, and 2018. They were sent to approximately 80 municipal highway operations and public works agencies. A questionnaire for winter 2025/6 has been generated and is under review. It is now due to be issued in May/June 2026.

Chloride Reduction Workshops

During the reporting period March 1, 2025 to March 31, 2026, nine (9) chloride reduction workshops were held. The workshops were held in person as well as in a webinar format allowing the groups to collaborate and host the workshops jointly. The workgroup staff for the DRSCW, LDRWC, Lower Des Plains Watershed Group (LDWG) and Chicago Area Waterways Chloride Workgroup (CAWCW) collaborated with staff from Lake County Stormwater Management and Health Dept. to coordinate the workshops. Registration was made available to agencies over a wide area of Illinois resulting in staff attending from Cook, DuPage, Kane, Kendall, Lake, McHenry and Will Counties. A list of attendees of the Public Roads Deicing Workshop (by County) is included in Attachment 1 and attendees of the Parking Lots & Sidewalks Deicing Workshop (by County) is included in Attachment 2.

The 2025 in-person Public Roads Winter Best Practices Workshops were held on Sept. 16, Sept. 23, and Sept. 30, 2025. Public Roads webinars were held on Sept. 25, Oct. 7, and Nov. 12. Staff from The Conservation Foundation were engaged to present the material. A registration fee was required per person for the in-person workshops and per agency in order to view each webinar. The webinar links were shareable within an agency. A survey was provided at the end of each webinar to those who had signed in asking for the number of attendees from each agency and

for an evaluation of the workshop. Evaluation surveys were also provided at the in-person workshops. The survey results indicated that a minimum of 1005 persons attended the six 2025 Public Roads workshops. Certificates of attendance were provided to those who requested them. A link to the *Minnesota Snow and Ice Control: Field Book for Snowplow Operators* was provided to each registrant.

The Parking Lots and Sidewalks Winter Best Practices Workshop were held on Oct. 2, Oct. 14, and Nov. 13, 2025, all in a webinar format. The Workshops were presented by staff from The Conservation Foundation through the Salt Smart Collaborative. The follow-up surveys provided an opportunity to provide an evaluation of the webinars. Survey results indicated that there was a minimum of 268 persons who attended the Workshops. Certificates of attendance were provided to those who requested them. A link was sent to each registrant for the *Illinois Winter Maintenance Manual for Parking Lots and Sidewalks* developed by the Salt Smart Collaborative (developed in part by a Section 319 Grant issued by IEPA.

Additionally, three Spreader Calibration Workshops for Force America equipment were held on Nov. 4 (Lake County DOT), Nov. 5 (Cook County DOTH), and Nov. 6 (DuPage DOT). Twenty-four agencies attended the workshops on November 5 and 6, 2025. A list of attendees of the Calibration Workshops (by workshop) is included in Attachment 3.

Ambient Impact Monitoring

DRSCW's Chloride Education and Reduction Program has performed an in-depth analysis to detect trends in chloride loading within the water quality data collected since the beginning of program efforts.

The goal of the analysis is to gauge the impact, if any, of the chloride education program on chloride loadings and concentrations generated from DRSCW water quality data collected from 2009 to present. Such an analysis is challenging due to the influences of other variables that dictate the magnitude of chloride impact on water quality data, principally winter weather (see Figure 1 to Figure 6). Analysis is needed to account for this inherent variability to as great a degree as possible. To help accomplish this the DRSCW purchased 17 years of weather data (snow and ice precipitation data for numerous locations) from Weather Command / Murray and Trettel, Inc. For each site where winter chloride concentration data was available the analysis steps were:

- Calculation of estimated chloride concentration from winter conductivity data
- Calculation of a warm weather regression value from summer concentration data and summer conductivity measures
- Calculation of estimated chloride summer concentrations
- Creation of loading data (in pounds per day) from the estimated concentration data using USGS flow data

- Identification of ice events from the weather command data and "replacement" of such events with loadings observed under snow events with the same accumulation
- Graphing of loading and concentration data for each site

This analysis has been completed and phase one results have been produced. The report was completed in 2024. Study results indicate that chloride concentrations have decreased over the study period in almost all DRSCW stream monitoring locations in both warm and cold weather conditions. The study suggests that the education and reduction efforts, the resulting community chloride application rate reductions, and enhanced community salt management best management practices (BMPs) have resulted in lower local chloride concentrations over the past decade. However, as Figure 1 to Figure 6 show, weather is still the largest determinant of instream chloride concentrations.

When chlorides are present in elevated concentrations in rivers, they harm aquatic invertebrates, fish, and aquatic and terrestrial plants. High chloride concentrations in stormwater corrode structures like bridges, increasing maintenance costs; and chlorides are very difficult to remove from water through treatment. In the DRSCW watersheds, the main source of elevated chlorides in the rivers is from winter deicing applications. In an effort to understand and track chloride levels in the watershed, year-round conductivity monitoring is carried out.

Ambient monitoring of conductivity is carried out at six (6) locations (5 sites monitored by the DRSCW and 1 site monitored by MWRD). All conductivity sites were originally installed to collect continuous DO and are situated for that effort rather than for chlorides. The DRSCW chloride sites are positioned in the upper and lower sections of each watershed (Map 1).

The upstream Salt Creek chloride site (Busse Woods) is at the upstream-most point of the Lower Salt Creek watershed (this site isn't placed further upstream as it was selected to measure DO upstream of the watershed's POTWs). MWRD did not conduct ambient winter conductivity monitoring at the Salt Creek at Busse Woods site in 2021. The site was taken over by DRSCW for conductivity monitoring during the winter of 2022.

Conductivity concentrations are used to calculate chloride concentrations based on a linear relationship established by the DRSCW. Calculated annual chloride concentrations for the winter months from 2008-2025 for six (6) sites are depicted in Figure 1 to Figure 6. The Daily Max represents the highest chloride daily value calculated from that year's winter season. The Winter Average is the average of all measurements from the winter season. The Four-Day Average is the maximum value of the year's four-day averages. Also shown are seasonal totals for winter snow and ice data. This data is generated from data supplied by a contract with Weather Command/ Murray and Trettel, Inc. The data is specific to the areas proximate to the relative conductivity monitoring site. Weather data during the winter seasons of 2008-09, 2009-10, and 2010-11 are less complete than more recent years. During those early years, weather data was not collected

at every target city during every event. Winter precipitation during those years is likely underreported from actual snow/icefall.

Measuring Chloride Concentration in Street Sweeping Debris

Analysis of data collected in previous years has shown a high-level of heterogeneity in results. This variation was found not just between samples, but between samples and their corresponding duplicates.

The results, sample collection, and laboratory methodologies were reviewed with experts from the Cold Climate Stormwater Center of Excellence (of which the DRSCW is a participating member). Data collection will recommence in 2026.

Illinois RiverWatch Chloride Watchers Program

Illinois RiverWatch is a statewide biological monitoring program that provides volunteers a hands-on opportunity to become stewards of our local waterways by monitoring stream habitat and water quality. Winter Chloride Watcher volunteers collect and test water samples from local waterways for chloride on a monthly basis between November and May.

The Conservation Foundation partnered with the Illinois RiverWatch Network (RiverWatch) to expand RiverWatch's Winter Chloride Watchers program in Northeast Illinois for the 2025-2026 winter season. Inclusive of both The Conservation Foundation and RiverWatch, 179 volunteers submitted 1,480 chloride results from 261 sites across 24 counties in IL. Within the DuPage River and Salt Creek Watersheds, over 600 samples were collected from the East and West Branches of the DuPage River, Salt Creek, and their respective tributaries.

Figure 1. Calculated Chloride Concentrations - Winter Months (2009-2025) for Salt Creek at Busse Woods Main Dam. Data was not collected in 2021.

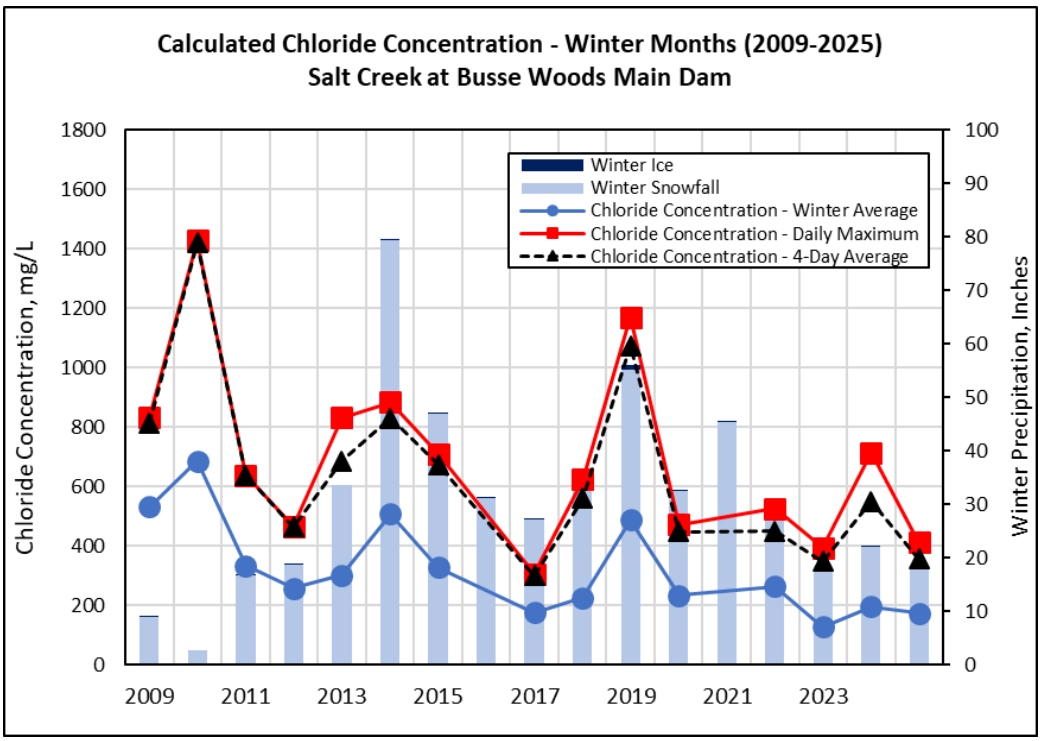


Figure 2. Calculated Chloride Concentrations - Winter Months (2008-2025) for Salt Creek at Wolf Road

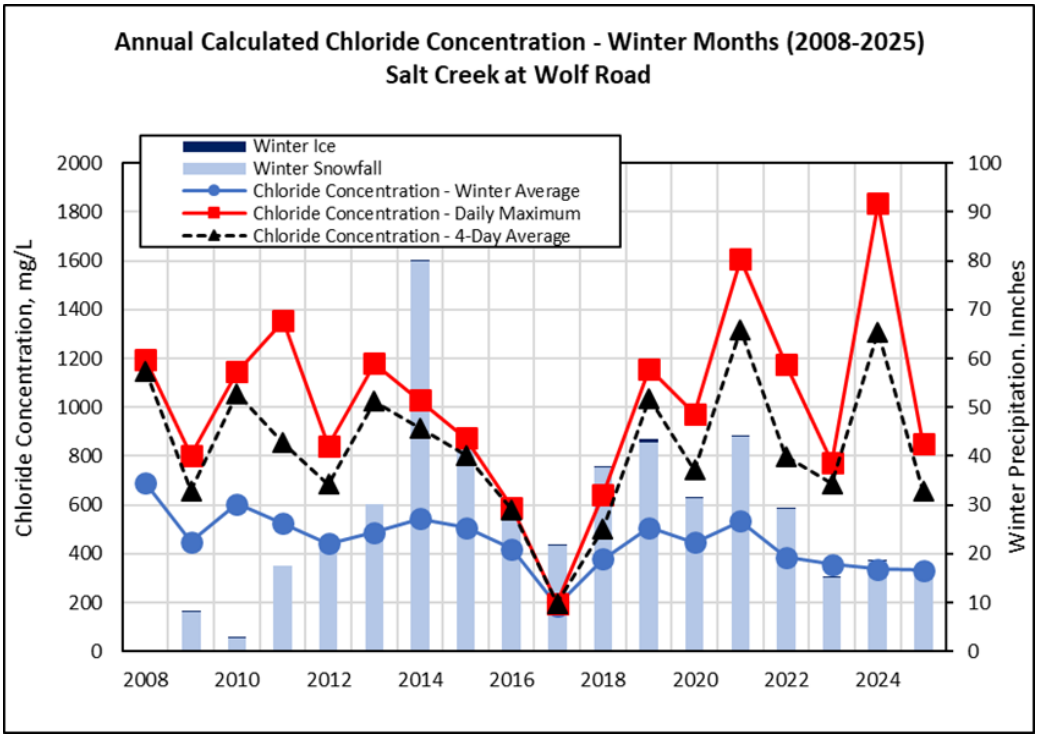


Figure 3. Calculated Chloride Concentrations - Winter Months (2008-2025) for the East Branch DuPage River at Army Trail Road

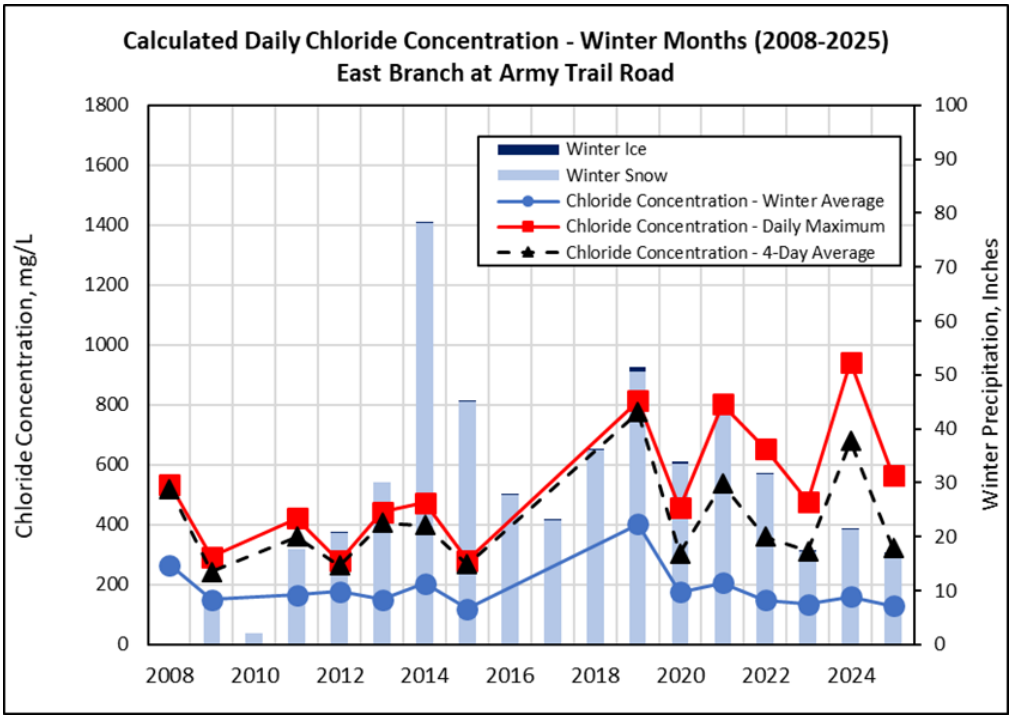


Figure 4. Calculated Chloride Concentrations - Winter Months (2008-2025) for the East Branch DuPage River at Hobson Road

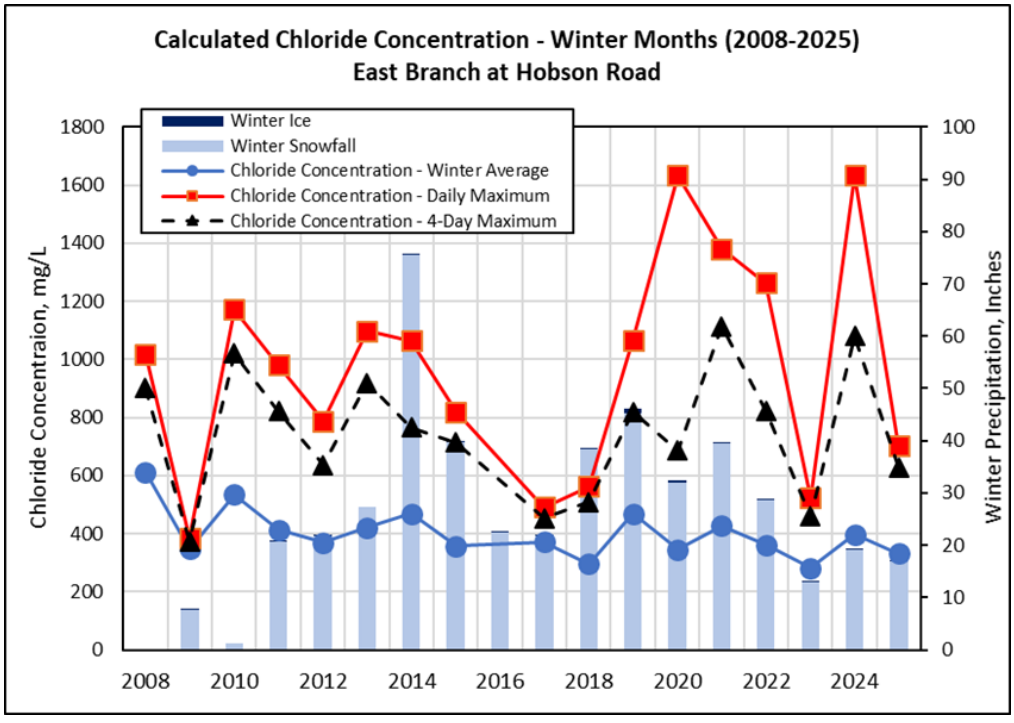


Figure 5. Calculated Chloride Concentrations - Winter Months (2008-2025) for the West Branch DuPage River at Arlington Drive

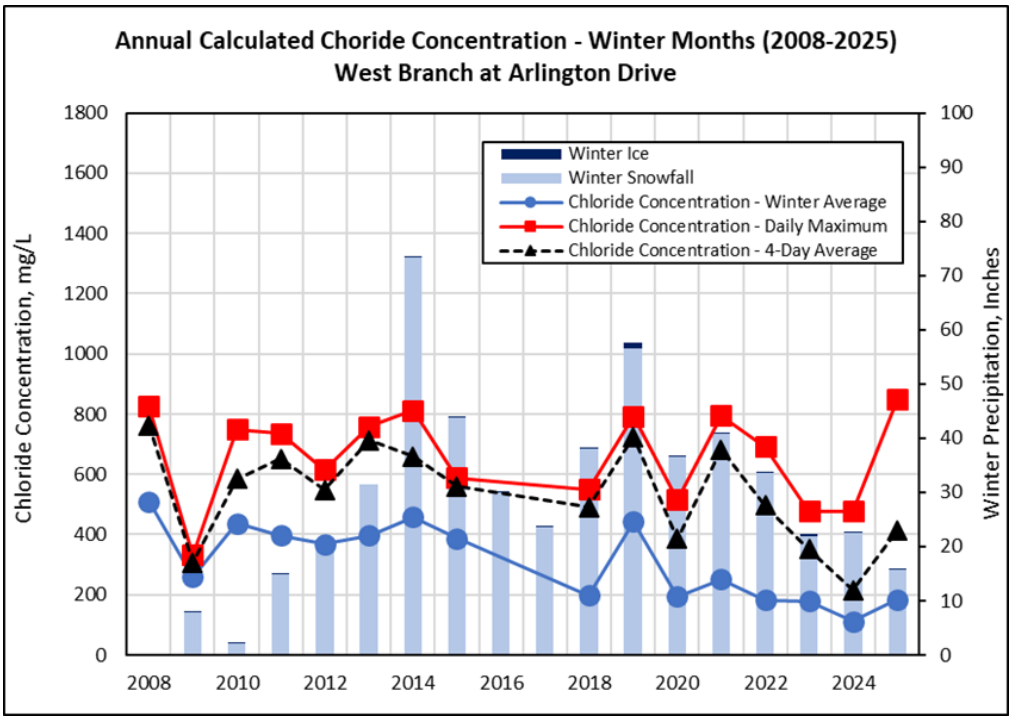
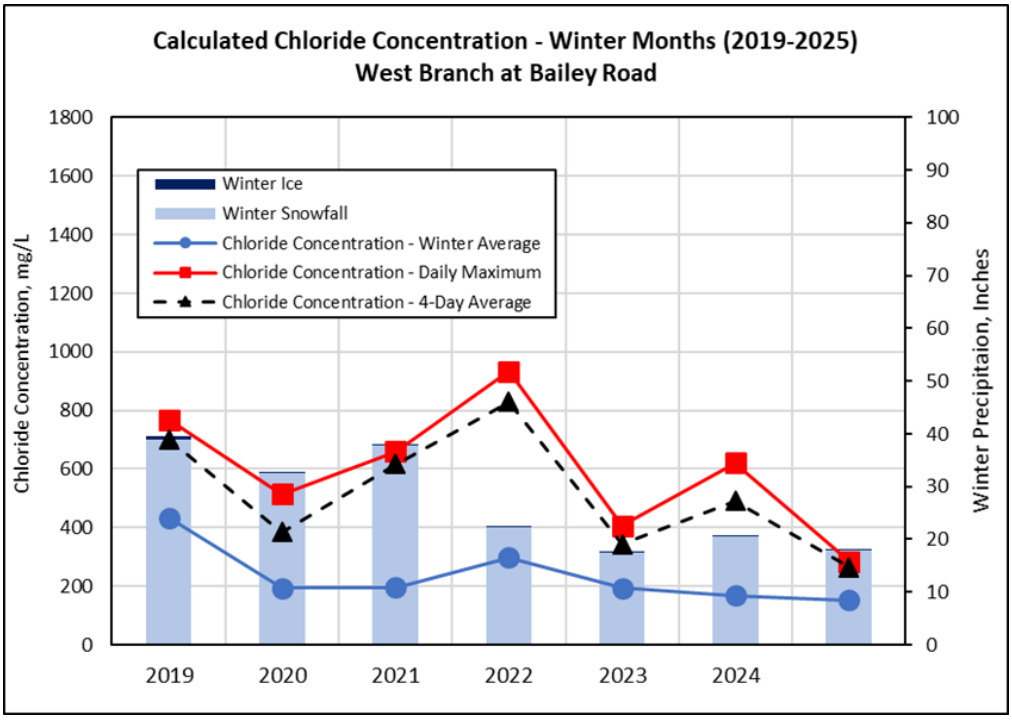


Figure 6. Calculated Chloride Concentrations - Winter Months (2019-2025) for the West Branch DuPage River at Bailey Road



C. Qualifying State, Country or Local Program

Not applicable to the work of the DRSCW.

D. Sharing Responsibility

This report outlines the activities conducted by the DRSCW on behalf of its' members related to the implementation of the ILR40 permit. It is the responsibility of the individual ILR40 permit holders to utilize this information to fulfill the reporting requirements outlined in Part V.C. of the permit.

E. Reviewing and Updating Stormwater Management Programs

Not applicable to the work of the DRSCW.

PART V. MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING, AND REPORTING

A. Monitoring

The ILR40 permit states that permit holders "must develop and implement a monitoring and assessment program to evaluate the effectiveness of the BMPs being implemented to reduce pollutant loadings and water quality impacts". The DRSCW monitoring program meets the following monitoring objectives and requirements outlined in the permit:

- Measuring pollutants over time (Part V. A. 2. b. ii)
- Sediment monitoring (Part V. A. 2. b. iii)
- Assessing physical and habitat characteristics such as stream bank erosion caused by storm water discharges ((Part V. A. 2. b. vi)
- Collaborative watershed-scape monitoring (Part V. A. 2. b. x)
- Ambient monitoring of total suspended solids, total nitrogen, total phosphorus, fecal coliform, chlorides, and oil and grease (Part V. A. 2. c.)

The DRSCW water quality monitoring program is made up of four components: 1) Bioassessment; 2) Continuous DO monitoring; 3) Expanded DO monitoring, and 3) Continuous Chloride Monitoring. Components 1-3 are discussed below and component 4 was discussed in the previous section of this report.

BIOASSESSMENT

Overview and Sampling Plan

A biological and water quality survey, or "biosurvey", is an interdisciplinary monitoring effort coordinated on a waterbody specific or watershed scale. This may involve a relatively simple setting focusing on one or two small streams, one or two principal stressors, and a handful of sampling sites or a much more complex effort including entire drainage basins, multiple and overlapping stressors, and tens of sites. The DRSCW bioassessment is the latter. The DRSCW bioassessment program began in 2007 with sampling in the West Branch DuPage River, East Branch DuPage River and Salt Creek watersheds. From 2009-2016, each watershed was sampled on a 3-year rotation beginning with the West Branch DuPage River watershed in 2006. Beginning in 2017, the watersheds were sampled in a four-year rotation to allow time for the report writing and program assessment. As of 2023, the DRSCW watersheds will be sampled on a six-year rotation. The bioassessment program functions under a quality assurance plan agreed on with the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (http://drscw.org/wp/bioassessment/). Table 1 details the bioassessment sampling dates for each DRSCW watershed.

Table 1. Bioassessment sampling dates for the DRSCW watershed

Watershed	Sampling Completed (year)	Sampling Scheduled (year)
East Branch DuPage River	2007, 2011, 2014, 2019, 2023	2029
West Branch DuPage River	2007, 2009, 2012, 2015, 2020	2027
Salt Creek	2007, 2010, 2013, 2016, 2021	2025

The DRSCW bioassessment program utilizes standardized biological, chemical, and physical monitoring and assessment techniques employed to meet three major objectives:

1) determine the extent to which biological assemblages are impaired (using IEPA guidelines);
2) determine the categorical stressors and sources that are associated with those impairments; and,
3) add to the broader databases for the DuPage River and Salt Creek watersheds to track and understand changes through time in response to abatement actions or other influences.

The data collected under the bioassessment is processed, evaluated, and synthesized as a biological and water quality assessment of aquatic life use status. These assessments are directly comparable to previously conducted bioassessments such that trends in status can be examined and causes and sources of impairment can be confirmed, amended, or removed. A final report containing a summary of major findings and recommendations for future monitoring, follow-up investigations, and any immediate actions that are needed to resolve readily diagnosed impairments is prepared following each bioassessment. The bioassessment reports are posted at http://drscw.org/wp/bioassessment/. It is not the role of the bioassessments to identify

specific remedial actions on a site specific or watershed basis. However, the baseline data provided by the bioassessments contributes to the Integrated Priority System that was developed to help determine and prioritize remedial projects (http://drscw.org/wp/project-identification-and-prioritization-system/).

Sampling sites for the bioassessment were determined systematically using a geometric design supplemented by the bracketing of features likely to exude an influence over stream resource quality, such as CSOs, dams and wastewater outfalls. The geometric site selection process starts at the downstream terminus or "pour point" of the watershed (Level 1 site), then continues by deriving each subsequent "panel" at descending intervals of one-half the drainage area (D.A.) of the preceding level. Thus, the drainage area of each successive level decreases geometrically. This results in in seven drainage area levels in each of the three watersheds, starting at the largest (150 sq. mi) and continuing through successive panels of 75, 38, 19, 9, 5 and 2 sq. mi. Targeted sites are then added to fill gaps left by the geometric design and assure complete spatial coverage in order to capture all significant pollution gradients including reaches that are impacted by wastewater treatment plants (WWTPs), major stormwater sources, combined sewer overflows (CSOs) and dams. The number of sampling sites by method/protocol and watershed are listed in Table 2.

Table 2. Number of sampling sites in the DRSCW project area.

Method/Protocol	West Branch DuPage River (2020)	East Branch DuPage River (2023)	Salt Creek (2025)	Reference Sites (2006-2025)	Total Sites
Biological sampling					
Fish	42	46*	64*	13	166
Macroinvertebrates	42	45*	64*	13	165
QHEI	42	46*	64*	13	166
Water Column Chemical/Physical Sampling					
Nutrients**	42	39	59	6	144
Water Quality Metals	30	22	34	6	92
Water Quality Organics	18	11	17	6	52
Sediment Sampling	23	15	27	6	71

*Includes sites sampled as part of pre-project monitoring for the physical projects.

**Also included indicators or organic enrichment and ionic strength, total suspended solids (TSS), DO, pH and temperature. Also, in 2019, 2020 and 2023, chlorophyll A was included as a nutrient parameter.

Representativeness – Reference Sites

Data is collected from selected regional reference sites in northeastern Illinois preferably to include existing Illinois EPA and Illinois DNR reference sites, potentially being supplemented with other sites that meet the Illinois EPA criteria for reference conditions. One purpose of this data

will be to index the biological methods used in this study that are different from Illinois EPA and/or DNR to the reference condition and biological index calibration as defined by Illinois EPA. In addition, the current Illinois EPA reference network does not yet include smaller headwater streams. Hence reference data is needed to accomplish an assessment of that data. Presently thirteen (13) reference sites have been established.

The bioassessment sampling includes four (4) sampling methods/protocols: biological sampling, Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI), water column chemical/physical parameter sampling and sediment chemistry. The biological sampling includes two assemblages: fish and macroinvertebrates.

The Macroinvertebrate Fish, Habitat and Water Chemistry sampling results presented in this report summarize the findings for the mainstem reaches of the East Branch DuPage River from the 2025 bioassessment. A list of the sampling sites included in the 2025 Salt Creek bioassessment is provided in Table 3 and a map of the 2025 Salt Creek bioassessment sites can be found in Map 2. Detailed analysis of all results for the East Branch DuPage River, the West Branch DuPage River, and Salt Creek, and their tributaries and can be found at http://drscw.org/wp/bioassessment/.

The fish and macroinvertebrate results are presented as Illinois EPA Index of Biotic Integrity (IBI) scores. IBI is an evaluation of a waterbody's biological community in a manner that allows the identification, classification and ranking of water pollution and other stressors. IBIs allow the statistical association of various anthropogenic influences on a waterbody with the observed biological activity in said waterbody and in turn the evaluation of management interventions in a process of adaptive management. Chemical testing of water samples produces only a snapshot of chemical concentrations while an IBI allows an evaluation of the net impact of chemical, physical and flow variables on a biological community structure. Dr. James Karr formulated the IBI concept in 1981.

Table 3. 2025 Salt Creek Bioassessment Sampling Sites

Site ID	RIVER	Latitude	Longitude	Biological Sampling	QHEI	Demand/ Nutriets	Metals	Water Organics	Sediment	Sulfate	Oil and Grease
SC01	Tributary to Salt Creek	42.143664	-88.078158	1	1	2					
SC02	Tributary to Salt Creek	42.11327	-88.082431	1	1	2					
SC03	Salt Creek	42.108005	-88.083462	1	1	2					
SC04	Salt Creek	42.110637	-88.062385	1	1	4					
SC05	Tributary to Salt Creek	42.12518	-88.039411	1	1	2					
SC06	Tributary to Salt Creek	42.116387	-88.012306	1	1	2					
SC07	Salt Creek	42.077084	-88.053031	1	1	4	4				
SC08	Triburary to Salt Creek	42.067958	-88.019216	1	1	4					
SC11	Tributary to Salt Creek	42.028369	-88.055516	1	1	4					
SC12	Tributary to Salt Creek	42.025566	-88.063601	1	1	2					
SC13	Tributary to Salt Creek	42.015691	-88.054162	1	1	2					
SC14	Tributary to Salt Creek	42.017338	-88.045095	1	1	4	4				
SC15	Salt Creek	42.051095	-88.008992	1	1	6	4		1	1	1
SC16	Spring Brook	41.971781	-87.998034	1	1	6	4		1	1	1
SC17	Spring Brook	41.967116	-88.046834	1	1	4					
SC18	Spring Brook	41.958246	-88.06508	1	1	4					
SC20	Tributary to Meacham Creek	41.988298	-88.054429	1	1	2					
SC21	Spring Brook	41.97324	-88.079282	1	1	2	2	1	1		
SC22	Westwood Creek	41.93982	-87.992964	1	1	4		1	1		
SC23	Salt Creek	41.936938	-87.984234	1	1	9	6	1	1		
SC24	Addison Creek	41.946217	-87.926124	1	1	2					
SC25	Tributary to Addison Creek	41.937825	-87.939885	1	1	2					
SC26	Addison Creek	41.928711	-87.910687	1	1	4					
SC27	Addison Creek	41.898963	-87.883344	1	1	4	4				
SC28	Addison Creek	41.861162	-87.867743	1	1	6	4		1	1	1
SC29	Salt Creek	41.818297	-87.833708	1	1	12	6	1	1	1	1
SC30	Ginger Creek	41.837873	-87.970817	1	1	2					
SC31	Ginger Creek	41.839376	-87.953247	1	1	4					
SC32	Oakbrook Creek	41.85377	-87.948831	1	1	2					
SC33	Sugar Creek	41.872959	-87.959728	1	1	4					
SC34	Salt Creek	41.951765	-87.986441	1	1	9	6	1	1		
SC35	Salt Creek	41.944091	-87.981079	1	1	9	6	1	1		
SC35A	Salt Creek	41.941279	-87.983363	1	1	6					
SC35B	Salt Creek	41.94112	-87.983	1	1						
SC36	Oak Brook	41.850896	-87.958463	1	1	2					
SC37	Salt Creek	41.885162	-87.959927	1	1	9	3	1	1		
SC38	Salt Creek	41.890375	-87.964024	1	1	9	6	1	1		
SC39	Salt Creek	41.919985	-87.972745	1	1	9	6	1	1		
SC40	Salt Creek	41.962745	-87.98439	1	1	9	6	1	1		
SC41	Salt Creek	41.970302	-87.988175	1	1	9	6	1	1		
SC42	Salt Creek	41.991326	-87.994485	1	1	6	4		1		
SC43	Salt Creek	42.011973	-88.00092	1	1	6	4	1	1	1	1
SC44	Salt Creek	42.01602	-88.000508	1	1	6	4	1	1		
SC45	Tributary to Salt Creek	42.084211	-88.019856	1	1	4	4	1	1		
SC46	Spring Brook	41.966727	-88.077424	1	1	2	2	1	1		
SC47	Spring Brook	41.963342	-88.031508	1	1	6	4	1	1		
SC48	Addison Creek	41.872732	-87.868775	1	1	6	4		1		
SC49	Salt Creek	41.825756	-87.900036	1	1	9	6	1	1	1	1
SC50	Salt Creek	42.021262	-88.004911	1	1	6	4		1		
SC51	Salt Creek	41.875767	-87.95799	1	1	9	6		1	1	1
SC52	Salt Creek	41.820328	-87.926117	1	1	9	6		1		
SC53	Salt Creek	41.825544	-87.931557	1	1	9	6		1		
SC53A	Salt Creek	41.82112	-87.9286	1	1						
SC54	Salt Creek	41.845607	-87.851945	1	1	12	6		1		
SC55	Salt Creek	41.84763	-87.936374	1	1	6	6				
SC56	Salt Creek	41.832606	-87.941979	1	1	6	6				
SC56A	Salt Creek	41.8306	-87.940435	1	1						
SC56B	Salt Creek	41.830287	-87.931866	1	1						
SC56C	Salt Creek	41.82849	-87.93059	1	1						
SC57	Salt Creek	41.873713	-87.95526	1	1	9	6				
SC59	Salt Creek	41.82608	-87.91459	1	1	12	6				
SC60	Salt Creek	41.82595	-87.88617	1	1	12	6				
SCBR	Salt Creek	41.864686	-87.95073			6					
SCFW	Salt Creek	41.82115	-87.927989			6					

MACROINVERTEBRATES

Methodology

The macroinvertebrate assemblage is sampled using the Illinois EPA (IEPA) multi-habitat method (IEPA 2005). Laboratory procedures followed the IEPA (2005) methodology for processing multi-habitat samples by producing a 300-organism subsample with a scan and pre-pick of large and/or rare taxa from a gridded tray. Taxonomic resolution is performed to the lowest practicable resolution for the common macroinvertebrate assemblage groups such as mayflies, stoneflies, caddisflies, midges, and crustaceans, which goes beyond the genus level requirement of IEPA (2005). However, calculation of the macroinvertebrate IBI followed IEPA methods in using genera as the lowest level of taxonomy for mIBI calculation and scoring.

Results

At the time of this report, only the mIBIs for the portions of Salt Creek within the footprints of the Fullersburg Woods Dam Removal and Stream Restoration Project and the Preserve at Oak Meadow Dam Removal and Stream Restoration Project were available. The mIBIs for the remaining portions of Salt Creek will be included in the 2026 DRSCW MS4 activities report.

Macroinvertebrate assemblage conditions within the two project footprints were primarily in the fair range with one site in Oak Meadows in the good range Figure 7).

Figure 7. Macroinvertebrate IBI scores in Salt Creek in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2014, 2016, 2021, and 2025* in relation to municipal POTW WWTP (top X- axis) Table 4) discharges and dams (bottom X-axis) (Table 5). For the 2025 data, only mIBIs for the Salt Creek project footprints are shown.

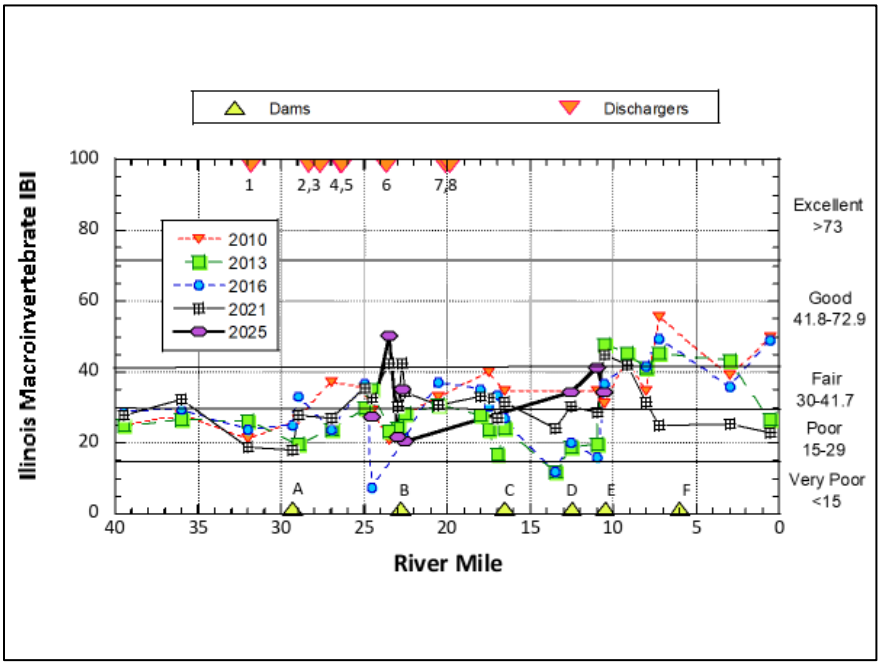


Table 4. Key to POTW dischargers on the Salt Creek IBI, QHEI, and water chemistry figures

Figure Reference	WWTP Discharge
1	MWRDGC Egan WRP
2	Itasca STP
3	Wood Dale North STP
4	Wood Dale South STP
5	Addison North STP
6	Addison South - Larocca STP
7	Salt Creek Sanitary District
8	Elmhurst WWTP

Table 5. Key to dams on the dam included on the Salt Creek IBI, QHEI, and water chemistry figures

Figure Reference	Name of Dam
A	Busse Woods Dam
B	Oak Meadows Dam (removed in 2016)
C	Graham Center Dam
D	Old Oak Brook Dam
E	Fullersburg Woods (Graue Mill) Dam (removed in 2023)
F	Possum Hollow Woods Dam

FISH

Methodology

Methods for the collection of fish at wadeable sites was performed using a tow-barge or longline pulsed D.C. electrofishing apparatus (MBI 2006b). A Wisconsin DNR battery powered backpack electrofishing unit was used as an alternative to the long line in the smallest streams (Ohio EPA 1989). A three-person crew carried out the sampling protocol for each type of wading equipment sampling in an upstream direction. Sampling effort was indexed to linear distance and ranged from 150-200 meters in length. Non-wadeable sites were sampled with a raft-mounted pulsed D.C. electrofishing device in a downstream direction (MBI 2007). Sampling effort was indexed to lineal distance over 0.5 km. Sampling was conducted during a June 15-October 15 seasonal index period.

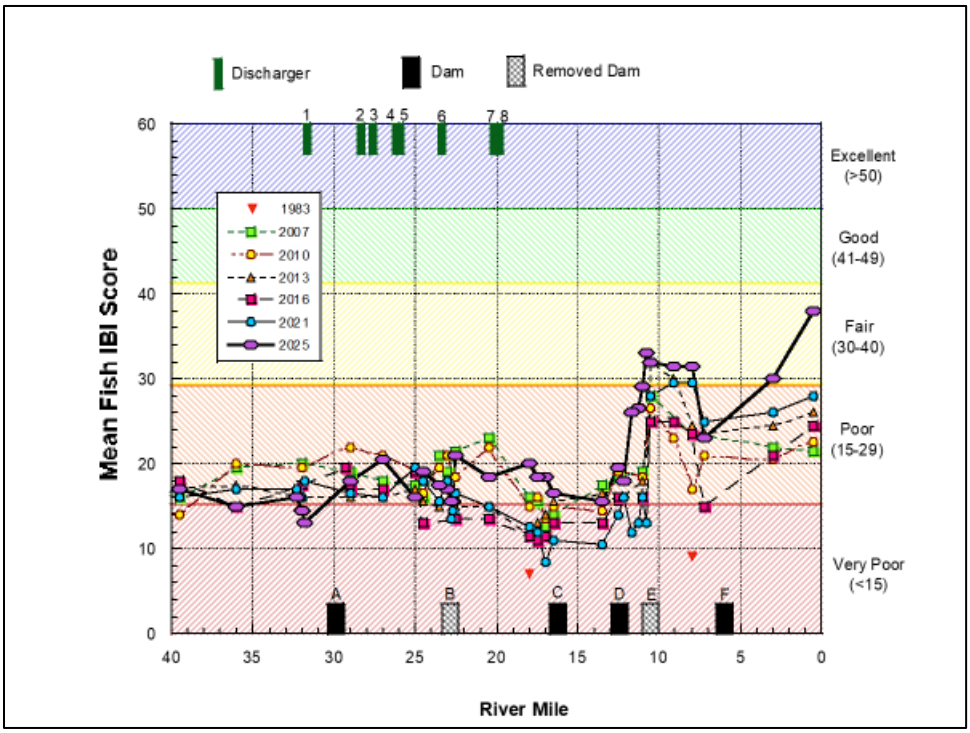
Samples from each site were processed by enumerating and recording weights by species and by life stage (y-o-y, juvenile, and adult). All captured fish were immediately placed in a live well, bucket, or live net for processing. Water was replaced and/or aerated regularly to maintain adequate D.O. levels in the water and to minimize mortality. Fish not retained for voucher or other purposes were released back into the water after they had been identified to species,

examined for external anomalies, and weighed either individually or in batches. While the majority of captured fish were identified to species in the field, any uncertainty about the field identification required their preservation for later laboratory identification. Identification was made to the species level at a minimum and to the sub-specific level if necessary. Vouchers were deposited and verified at The Ohio State University Museum of Biodiversity (OSUMB) in Columbus, OH.

Results

Fish assemblage conditions throughout the Salt Creek watershed a in the poor and fair ranges (Figure 8.).

Figure 8. Fish IBI scores in Salt Creek in 1983, 2007, 2010, 2013, 2014, 2016, 2021, and 2025 in relation to municipal POTW WWTP (top X- axis) Table 4) discharges and dams (bottom X-axis) (Table 5)



Habitat

Methodology

Physical habitat was evaluated using the Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI) developed by the Ohio EPA for streams and rivers in Ohio (Rankin 1989, 1995; Ohio EPA 2006b) and as modified by MBI for specific attributes. Attributes of habitat are scored based on the overall importance of each to the maintenance of viable, diverse, and functional aquatic faunas. The type(s) and quality of substrates, amount and quality of instream cover, channel morphology, extent and quality of riparian vegetation, pool, run, and riffle development and quality, and

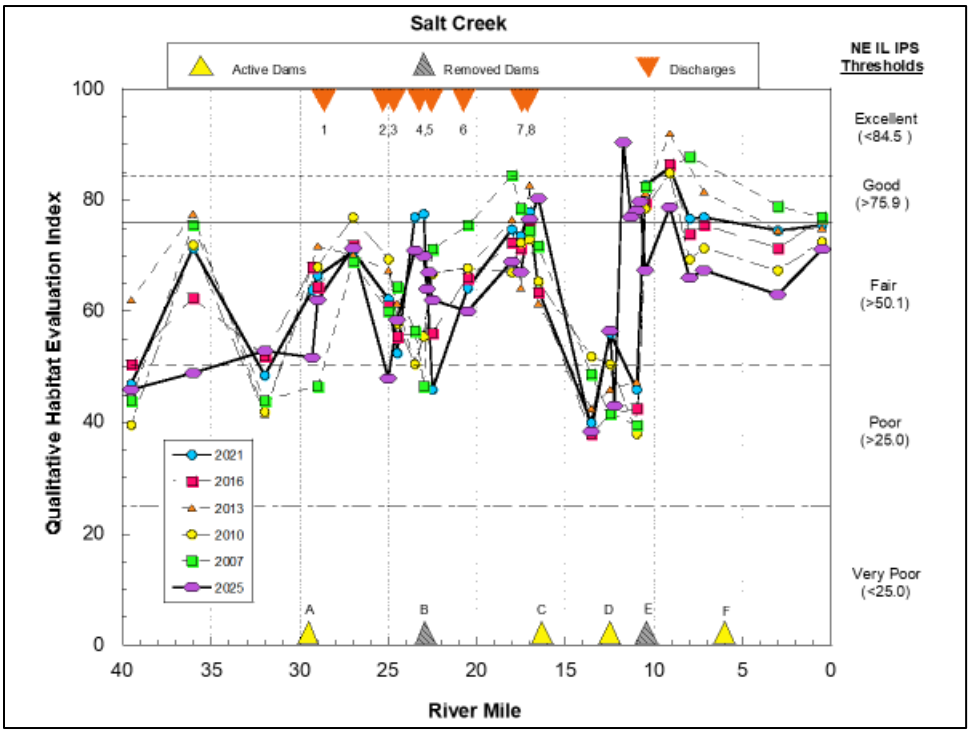
gradient used to determine the QHEI score which generally ranges from 20 to less than 100. QHEI scores and physical habitat attribute were recorded in conjunction with fish collections.

Results

The physical habitat of a stream is a primary determinant of biological quality. Streams in the glaciated Midwest, left in their natural state, typically possess riffle-pool-run sequences, high sinuosity, and well-developed channels with deep pools, heterogeneous substrates and cover in the form of woody debris, glacial tills, and aquatic macrophytes. The QHEI categorically scores the basic components of stream habitat into ranks according to the degree to which those components are found in a natural state, or conversely, in an altered or modified state.

Based on QHEI scores, mainstem habitat quality fell mostly in the fair ranges, but varied by good habitat quality was observed within the Salt Creek Project footprints (Figure 9).

Figure 9. Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI) scores for Salt Creek in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2014, 2016, 2021, and 2025 in relation to municipal WWTP (top X- axis) Table 4) discharges and dams (bottom X-axis) (*T*able 5)



WATER QUALITY CHEMISTRY

Methodology

Water column and sediment samples are collected as part of the DRSCW bioassessment programs. The total number of sites sampled is detailed in Table 2. Total number of collected samples by watershed typical for a full assessment by watershed are given in Table 6. The number of samples collected at each site is largely a function of the site's drainage area with the frequency of sampling increasing as drainage size increases (Table 7). Organics sampling is a single sample done at a subset of sites. Sediment sampling is done at a subset of the 60 sites (60) using the same procedures as the IEPA.

The parameters sampled for are included in Table 8 and can be grouped into demand parameters, nutrients, demand, metals and organics. All sampling occurs between June and October of the sample year with the exception of sediment that occurs October to December. The Standard Operating Procedure for water quality sampling can be found at http://drscw.org/wp/bioassessment/.

Table 6. Total number of samples by watershed typical for a full assessment by watershed

Watershed	Approximate # Sites	Demand Samples	Nutrients Samples	Metals Samples	Organics Samples
Salt Creek (2025)	59	331	331	167	17
West Branch DR (2020)	42	225	225	116	18
East Branch DR (2023)	39	222	222	100	11

Table 7. Approximate distribution of sample numbers by drainage area across the monitoring area

Drainage Area and site numbers	>100 sq mi (n=12)	>75 sq mi (n=25)	>38 sq mi (n=11)	>19 sq mi (n=11)	>8 sq mi (n=15)	>5 sq mi (n=24)	>2 sq mi (n= 46)
Mean # Samples demand /nutrients	12	9	6	6	4	4	2
Mean # Samples metals	6	6	4	4	2	2	0

Table 8. Water Quality and sediment Parameters sampled as part of the DRSCW Bioassessment Program

Water Quality Parameters	Sediment Parameters
Demand Parameters	**Sediment Metals**
5 Day BOD	Arsenic
Chloride	Barium
Conductivity	Cadmium
Dissolved Oxygen	Chromium
pH	Copper
Temperature	Iron
Total Dissolved Solids	Lead
Total Suspended Solids	Manganese
	Nickel
Nutrients	Potassium
Ammonia	Silver
Nitrogen/Nitrate	Zinc
Nitrogen – Total Kjeldahl	
Phosphorus, Total	
Chlorophyll A	**Sediment Organics**
	Organochlorine Pesticides
Metals	PCBS
Cadmium	Percent Moisture
Calcium	Semivolatile Organics
Copper	Volatile Organic Compounds
Iron	
Lead	
Magnesium	
Zinc	
Organics – Water	
PCBS Volatile Organics	
Pesticides	
Semivolatile Organics	

2025 Salt Creek Results

The discussion presented below focuses on the constituents listed in the MS4 permit: total suspended solids, total nitrogen, total phosphorus, fecal coliform, chlorides, and oil and grease. Total nitrogen is presented as ammonia, nitrate, and total kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN). Prior to the 2016 sampling period, fecal coliform and oil and grease sampling was not conducted. Oil and grease sampling and/or fecal coliform were added to the bioassessment sampling for Salt Creek in 2016, the East Branch DuPage River in 2019, and the West Branch DuPage River in 2020 ensuring that each watershed will be sampled for that parameter during the effective period of the ILR40 permit.

Salt Creek mainstem flows are effluent dominated during the late summer-early fall months. As such, chemical water quality is highly influenced by the concentration and composition of chemical constituents in WWTP effluents (Figure 10 to Figure 13).

In 2025, fecal coliform samples were collected at five (5) sites on the mainstem Salt Creek, one (1) site on Springbrook, and one (1) site on Addison Creek. Each site was sampled five times within a 30-day period beginning on June 30, 2025. Results are summarized below in Table 9.

Table 9. Concentrations of fecal coliform in 2025 in the Salt Creek watershed

Site Number	Site Location	Fecal Coliform cfu/100 ml					Fecal Coliform cfu/100 ml
		6/30/2025	7/3/2025	7/8/2025	7/14/2025	7/17/2025	
Salt Creek							
SC15	Salt Creek at Higgins	500	300	1200	500	1400	708.5
SC43	Salt Creek at Arlington Heights	800	300	400	500	600	435.6
SC51	Salt Creek at Elmhurst	3900	500	3100	1300	3700	1652.4
SC49	Salt Creek at Wolf Road	200	100	1000	900	1600	616.0
SC29	Salt Creek at Rt 171	200	200	400	1300	1800	657.8
Tributaries							
SC16	Springbrook at Prospect Avenue	1900	1200	1600	500	1500	1095.4
SC28	Addison Creek at Gartner Road	2600	2400	2300	1100	600	1381.6

In 2025 samples for Fat, Oil and Grease (FOG) were collected at seven (7) sites in the Salt Creek watershed. The results are summarized in Table 10.

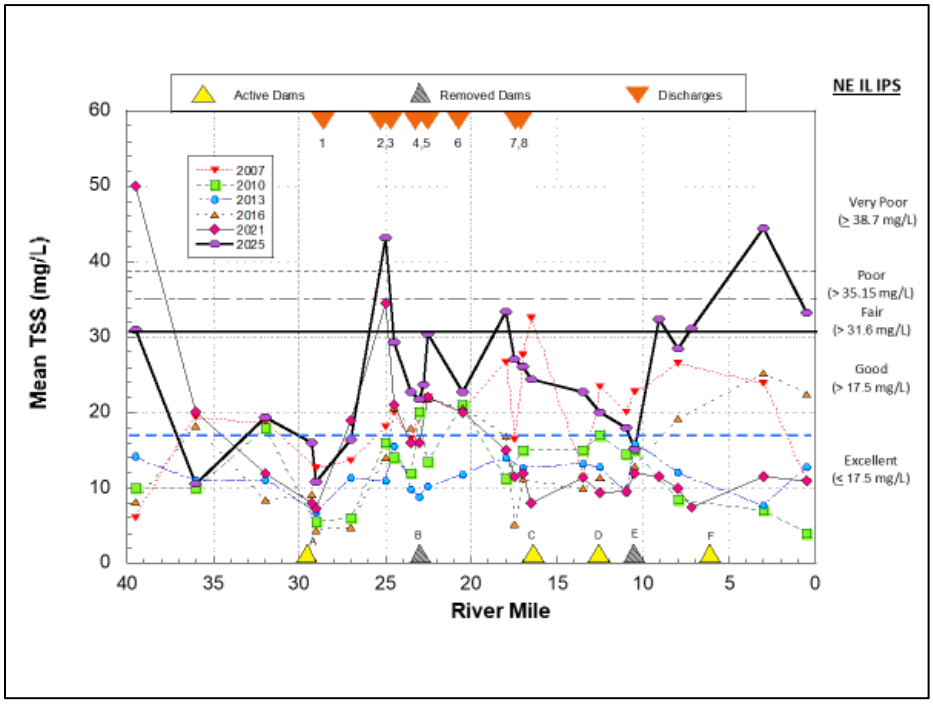
Table 10. Concentrations of Fat, Oil and Grease in 2025 in the Salt Creek watershed

Site Number	Site Location	FOG (mg/L)
SC15	Salt Creek immediately downstream from Golf Rd.	Non-detect (ND)
SC16	Spring Brook immediately upstream from Prospect Ave.	Non-detect (ND)
SC28	Addison Creek at Gardner Rd.	Non-detect (ND)
SC29	Salt Creek immediately upstream from St. Rt. 171	Non-detect (ND)
SC43	Salt Creek downstream from MWRDGC Egan WWTP; at Arlington Heights Rd.	Non-detect (ND)
SC49	Salt Creek upstream of Wolf Road	Non-detect (ND)
SC51	Salt Creek downstream Elmhurst Co. FP dam	Non-detect (ND)

Sediment Chemistry Results

Detailed analysis and results for sediment chemistry is located at http://drscw.org/wp/bioassessment/.

Figure 10. Mean concentrations of total suspended solids (top panel) and TKN (lower panel) from Salt Creek samples in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016, 2021 and 2025 in relation to municipal WWTP (top X- axis) Table 4) discharges and dams (bottom X-axis) (Table 5)



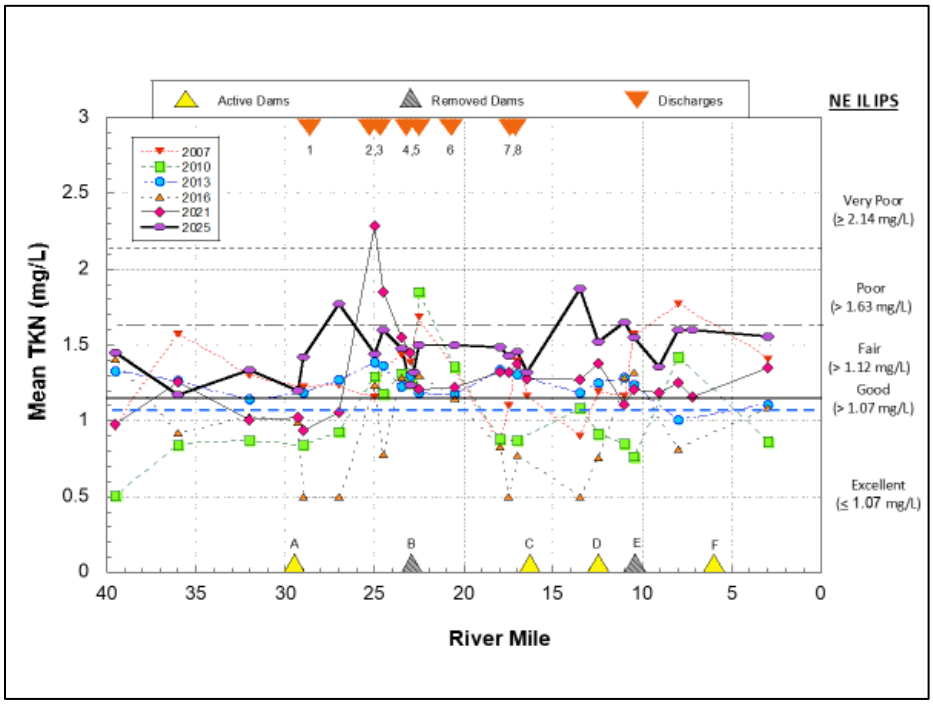
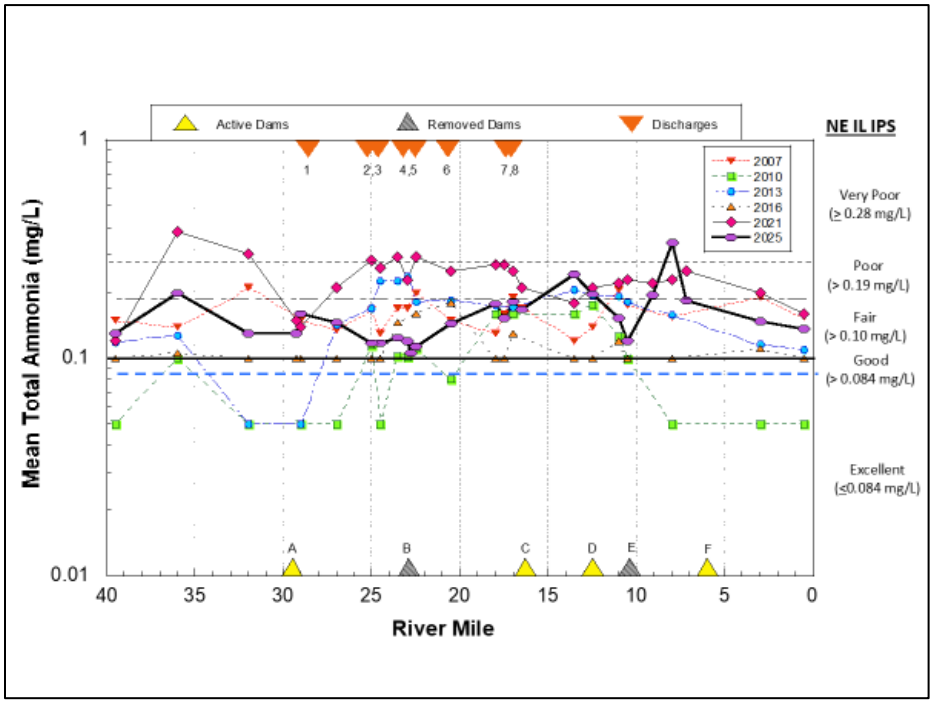


Figure 11. Mean concentrations of ammonia (top panel) and nitrate (lower panel) from Salt Creek samples in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016, 2021, and 2025 in relation to municipal WWTP WWTP (top X- axis) Table 4) discharges and dams (bottom X-axis) (Table 5)



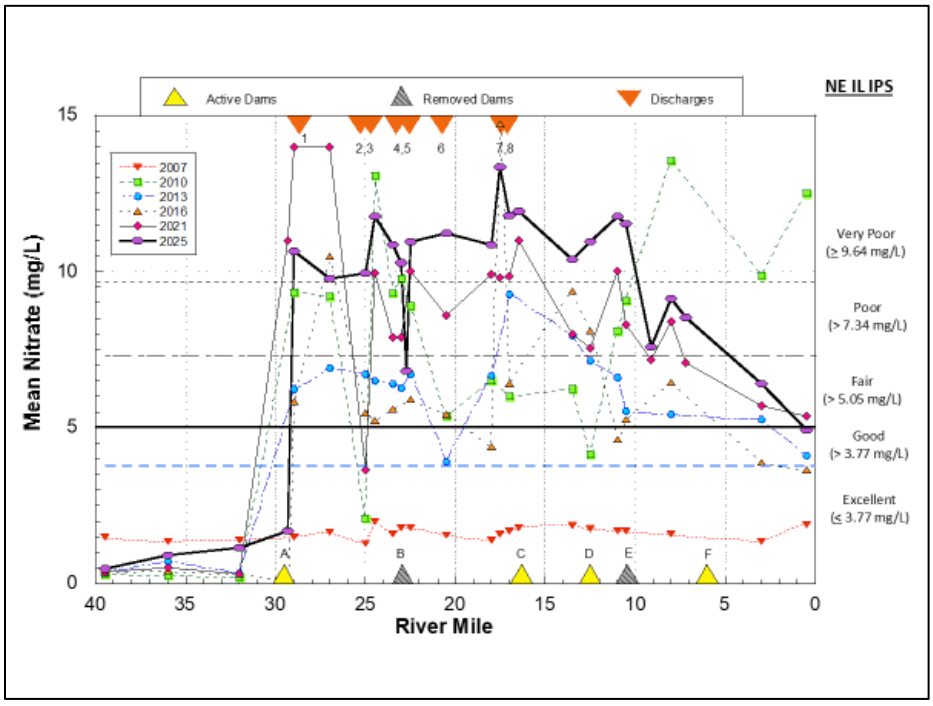
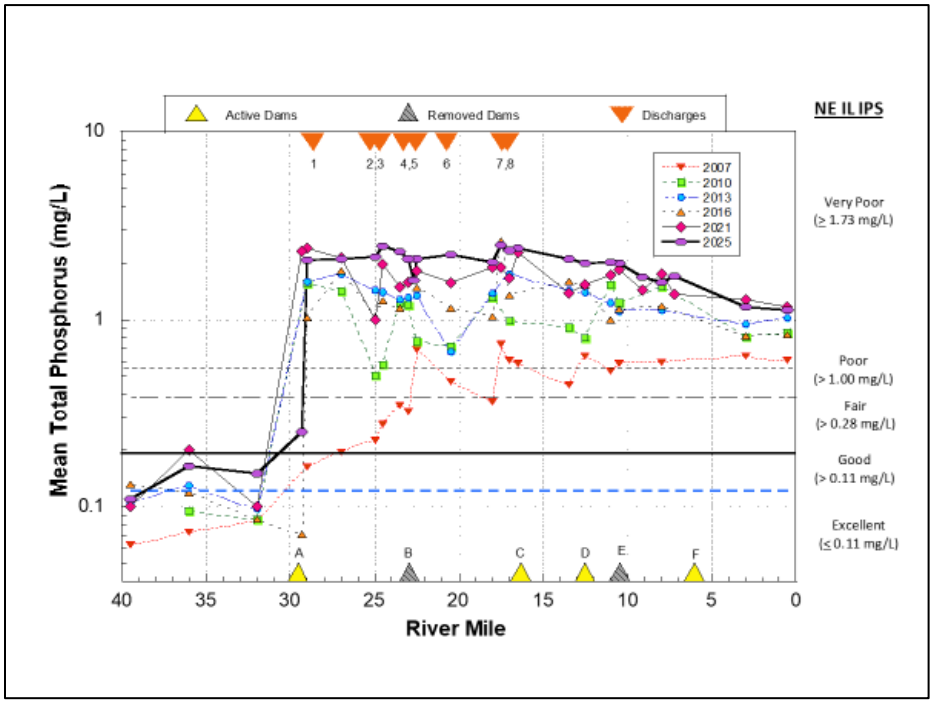


Figure 12. Mean concentrations total phosphorus (top panel) and chloride (bottom panel) from Salt Creek samples in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016, 2021, and 2025 in relation to municipal WWTP WWTP (top X-axis) Table 4) discharges and dams (bottom X-axis) (Table 5)



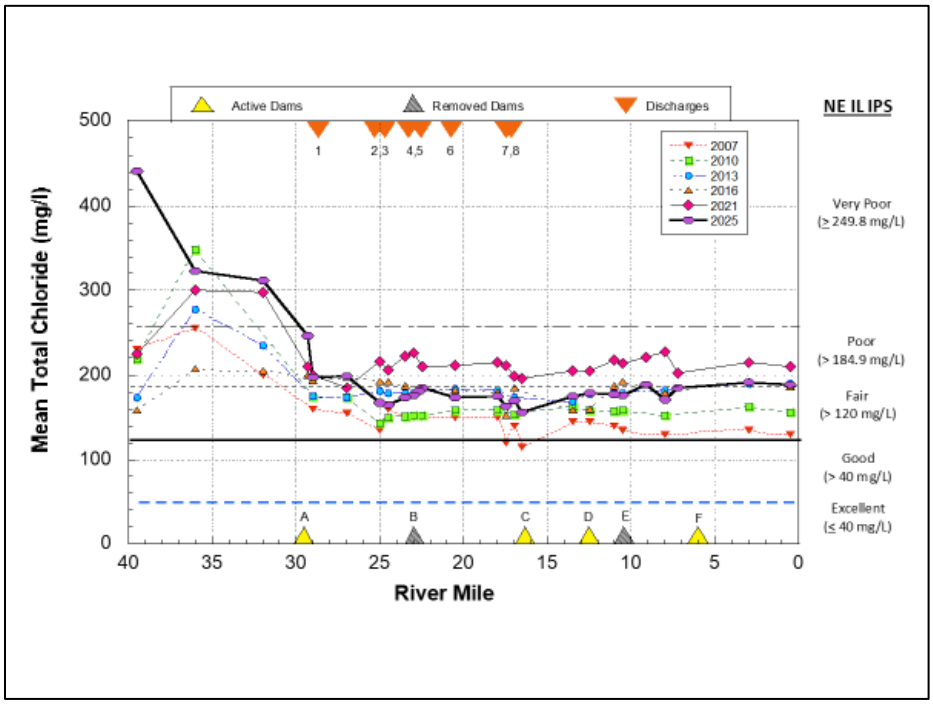
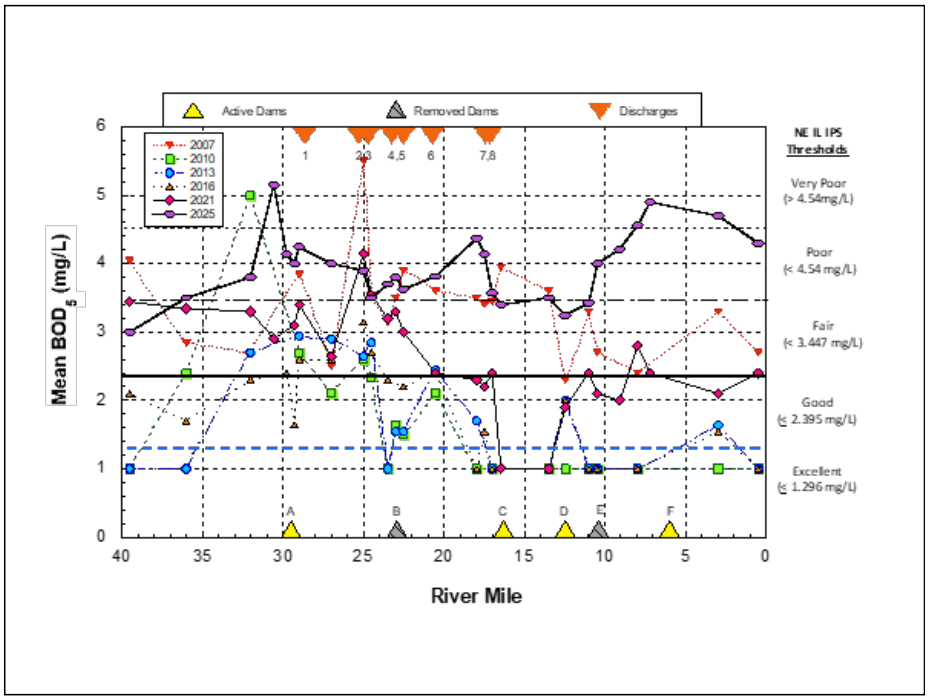


Figure 13. Mean concentrations BOD from Salt Creek samples in 2007, 2010, 2013, 2016, 2021, and 2025 in relation to municipal WWTP WWTP (top X- axis) Table 4) discharges and dams (bottom X-axis) (Table 5)



DISSOLVED OXYGEN (DO) MONITORING

Background and Methodology

The Illinois Environmental Protection Agency (IEPA) report, Illinois 2004 Section 303(d) List, listed dissolved oxygen (DO) as a potential impairment in Salt Creek, and the East and West Branches of the DuPage River. The report suggested that the DO levels in selected reaches of these waterways might periodically fall to levels below those required by healthy aquatic communities.

All rivers and creeks in DuPage County are classified as General Use Waters. The present water quality standards for dissolved oxygen in General Use Waters is:

1. During the period of March through July
    a. 5.0 mg/L at any time; and
    b. 6.0 mg/L as a daily mean averaged over 7 days.

2. During the period of August through February,
    a. 3.5 mg/L at any time;
    b. 4.0 mg/L as a daily minimum averaged over 7 days; and
    c. 5.5 mg/L as a daily mean averaged over 30 days.

Following listing on the 303 (d) list, two (2) DO TMDLs were prepared by the IEPA for Salt Creek and the East Branch of the DuPage River in 2004, and two (2) DO TMDLs were prepared for the West Branch DuPage River and Spring Brook #1 in 2019. In response to the TMDLs, the DRSCW committed to develop and manage a continuous long-term DO monitoring plan for the project area in order to assess the nature and extent of the DO impairment and to allow the design of remedial projects. The continuous DO data is also used to assess the impact of DO improvement projects such as the Churchill Woods and Oak Meadow dam removals.

In 2025, the DRSCW in collaboration with DuPage County Stormwater Management gathered continuous DO data via water quality sondes at four (4) sites on Salt Creek (SCBW, SCOM, SCBR SCFW), five (5) sites on the East Branch DuPage River (EBAR, EBCB, EBHL, EBHR, EBWL), and five (5) sites on the West Branch DuPage River (WBAD, WBBR, WBWD, WBMG, WBNPV) that will be utilized in the calibration and verification of the updated QUAL2Kw models. The Metropolitan Water Reclamation District of Greater Chicago (MWRDGC) also typically monitors one (1) additional location on Salt Creek. All sondes are deployed from May through October and collect DO, temperature, conductivity, and pH on an hourly basis. The continuous DO monitoring program functions under a quality assurance plan agreed on with the IEPA (http://drscw.org/wp/dissolved-oxygen/). Details on the site locations are included in Table 11 and site locations for 2025 are included on Map 3.

Results

Results of the continuous DO monitoring conducted in the summer of 2025 are included in Figure 14 to Figure 25 for the following sites: WBAD, WBBR, WBWD, WBMG, WBNPV, EBHL, EBHR, EBWL, SCBW, SCOM, SCBR and SCWR. No data was collected at SCFW in 2025 due to construction activities associated with the Master Plan for Salt Creek at Fullersburg Woods which included the removal of the Graue Mill Dam and the restoration of 1.25 miles of Salt Creek. Data for EBAR and EBCB was still undergoing quality review at the time of this report and can be provided upon request.

Table 11. 2025 Continuous DO monitoring locations in the DRSCW watersheds

Site ID	Stream Name	River Mile	Latitude	Longitude	Location
WBAD	W. Br. DuPage River	29.9	41.9750	-88.1386	Arlington Drive
WBBR	W. Br. DuPage River	11.7	41.825268	-88.179456	Butterfield Road
WBWD	W. Br. DuPage River	11.1	41.82027	-88.17212	Downstream of former Warrenville Grove Dam
WBMG	W. Br. DuPage River	8.6	41.795928	-88.187263	Upstream of former McDowell Grove Dam
WBNPV	W. Br. DuPage River	3.0	41.74029	-88.126879	Downstream Bailey Road
EBAR	E. Br. DuPage River	23.0	41.935171	-88.05843	Army Trail Road
EBCB	E. Br. DuPage River	18.8	41.88510	-88.04110	Crescent Boulevard
EBHL	E. Br. DuPage River	14.0	41.82570	-88.05316	Hidden Lake Preserve
EBHR	E. Br. DuPage River	8.5	41.76800	-88.07160	Hobson Road
EBWL	E. Br. DuPage River	3.8	41.712315	-88.094842	Whalon Lake
SCBW	Salt Creek	29.4	42.01630	-88.00061	Downstream of Busse Woods Dam (MWRDGC)
SCOM	Salt Creek	23.0	41.941279	-87.983363	Upstream of former Oak Meadows Dam
SCBR	Salt Creek	16.1	41.864686	-87.95073	Butterfield Road
SCFW	Salt Creek	11.1	41.825493	-87.93158	Fullersburg Woods impoundment
SCWR	Salt Creek	8.1	41.82576	-87.90045	Wolf Road (MWRDGC)

Figure 14. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for the West Branch DuPage River at Arlington Drive (WBAD)

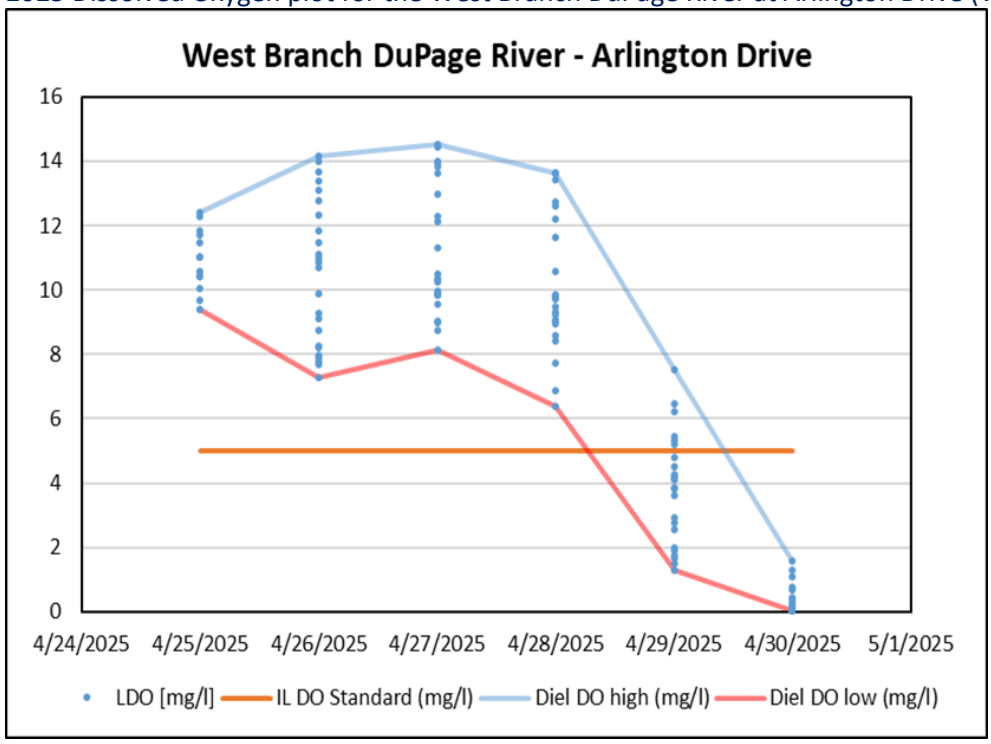


Figure 15. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for the West Branch DuPage River at Butterfield Road (WBBR)

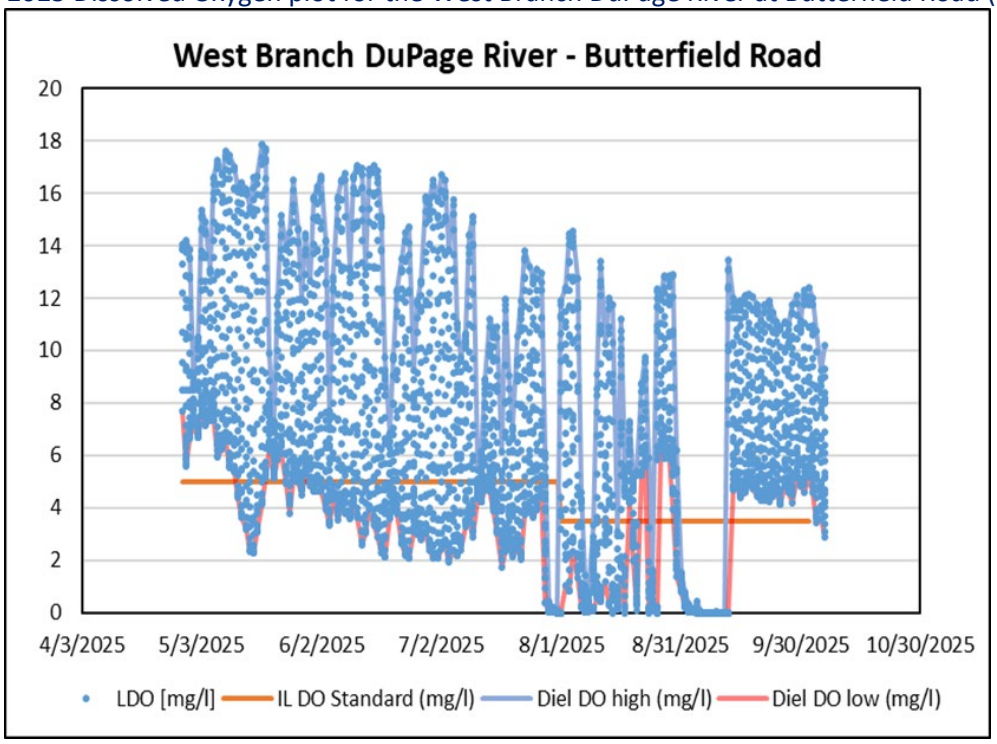


Figure 16. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for the West Branch DuPage River downstream of former Warrenville Grove Dam (WBWD)

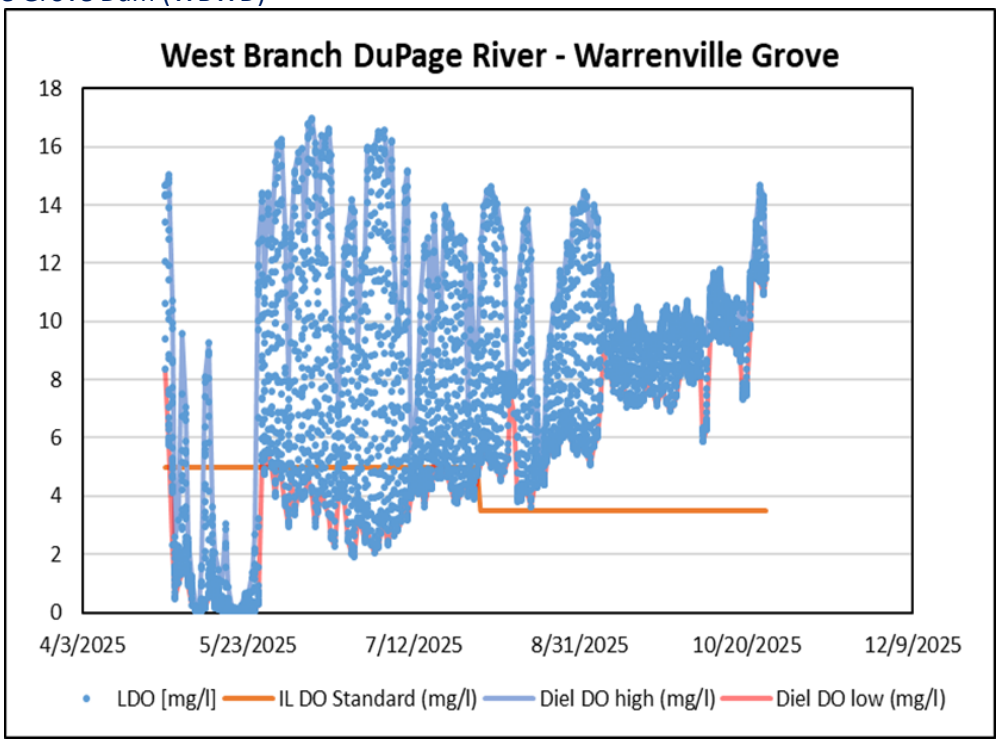


Figure 17. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for the West Branch DuPage River upstream of former McDowell Grove Dam (WBMG)

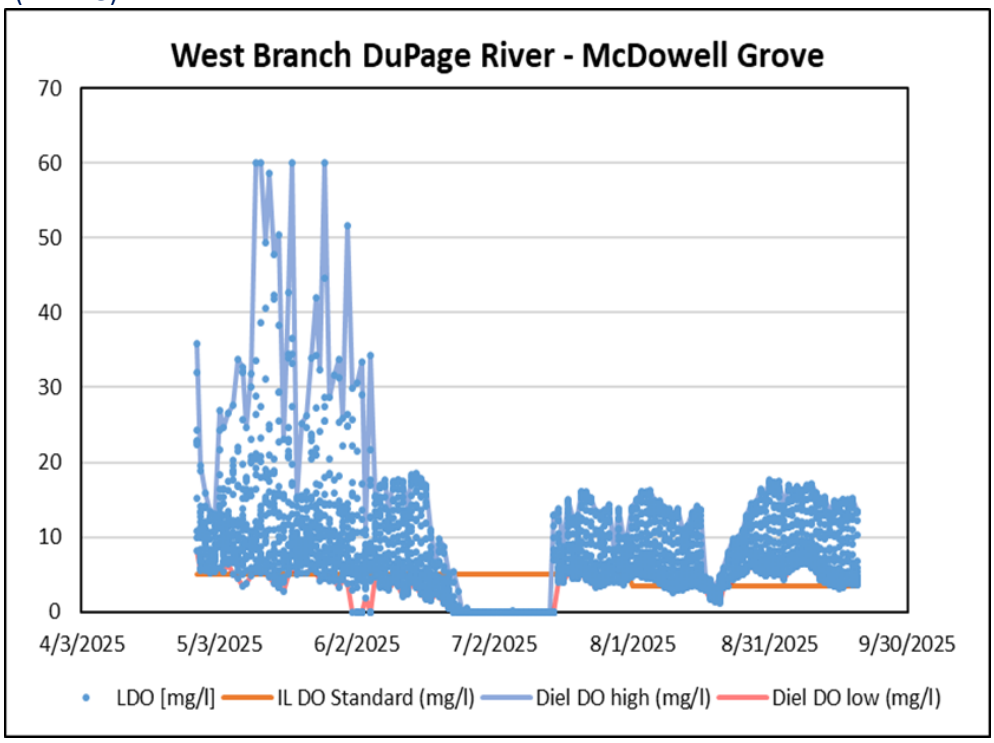


Figure 18. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for the West Branch DuPage River at Bailey Road (WBNPV)

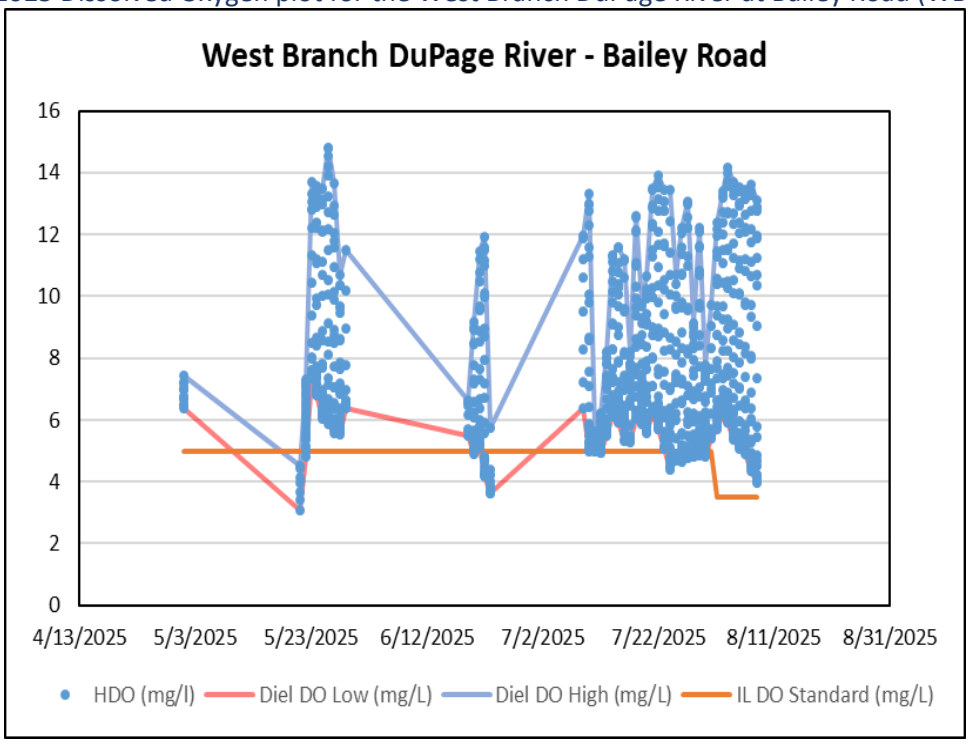


Figure 19. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for the East Branch DuPage River at Hidden Lake (EBHL)

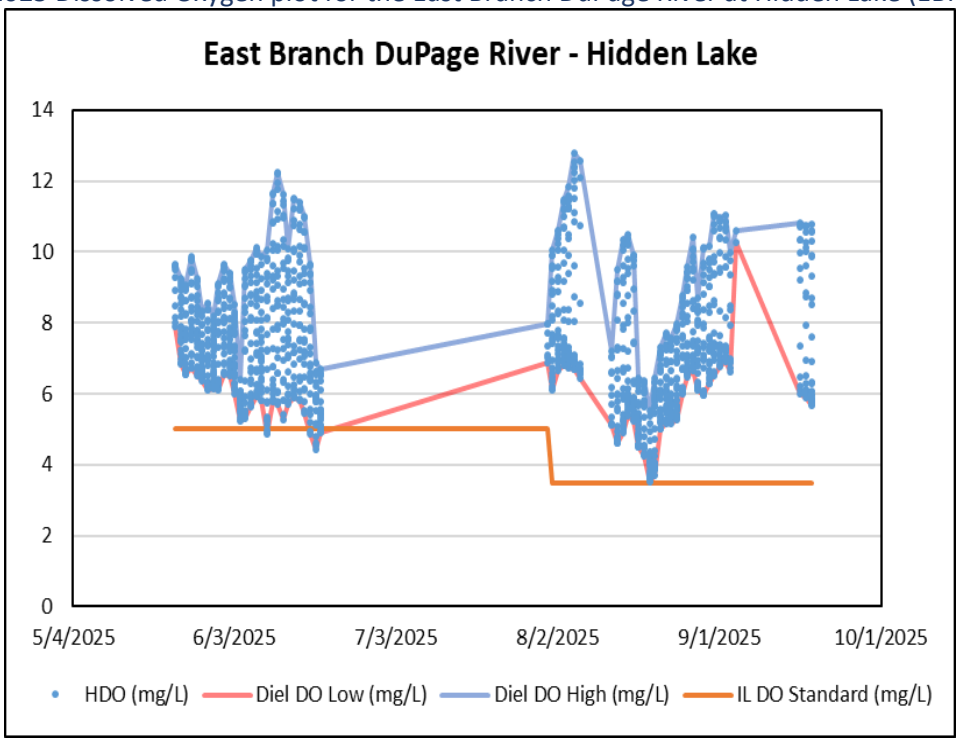


Figure 20. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for the East Branch DuPage River at Hobson Road (EBHR)

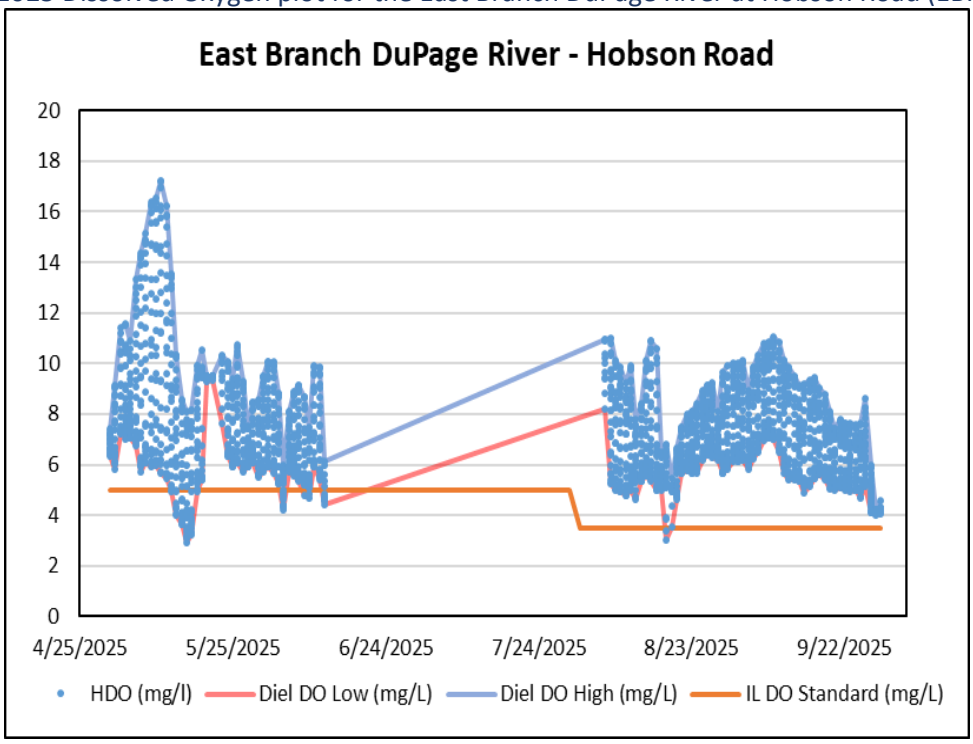


Figure 21. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for the East Branch DuPage River at Whalon Lake (EBWL)

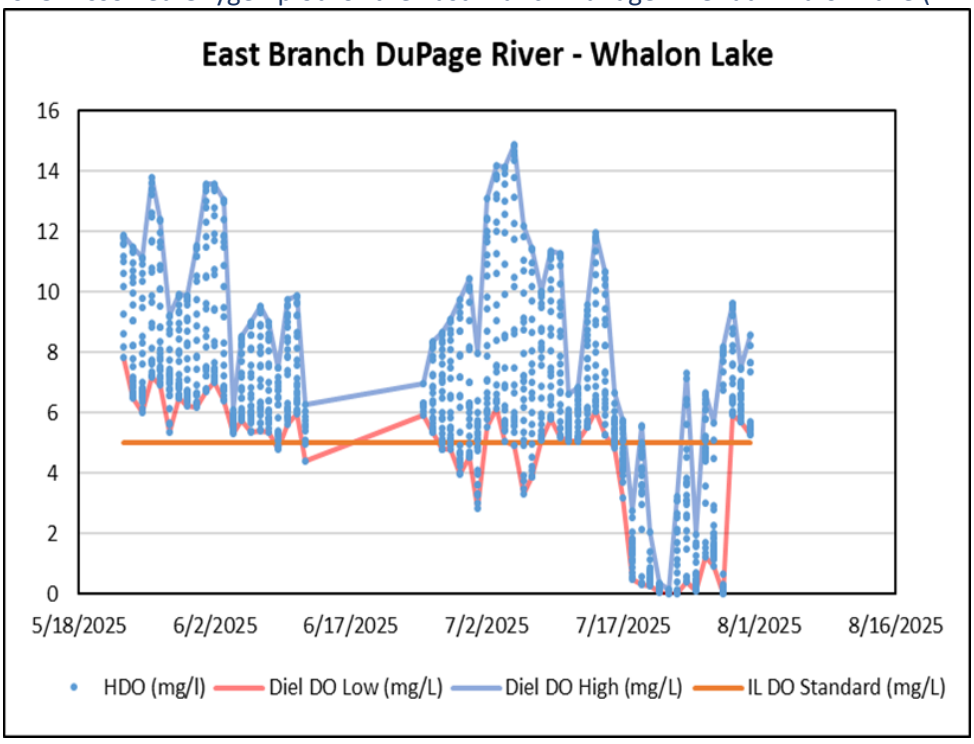


Figure 22. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for Salt Creek downstream of Busse Woods Dam (SCBW)

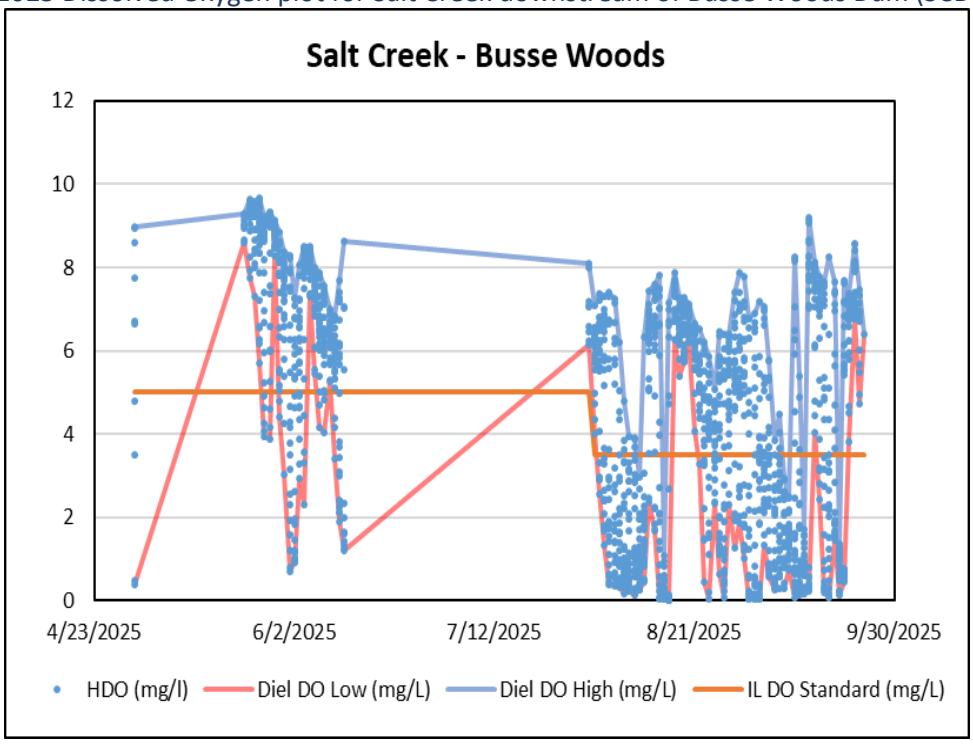


Figure 23. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for Salt Creek upstream of former Oak Meadows Dam (SCOM)

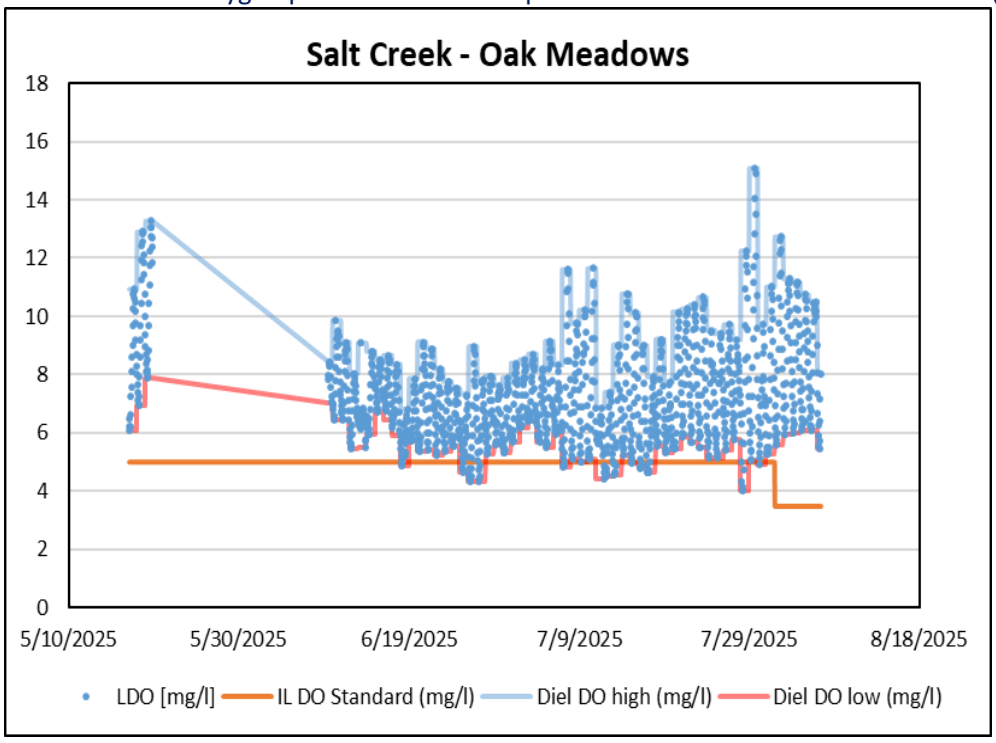


Figure 24. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for Salt Creek at Butterfield Road (SCBR)

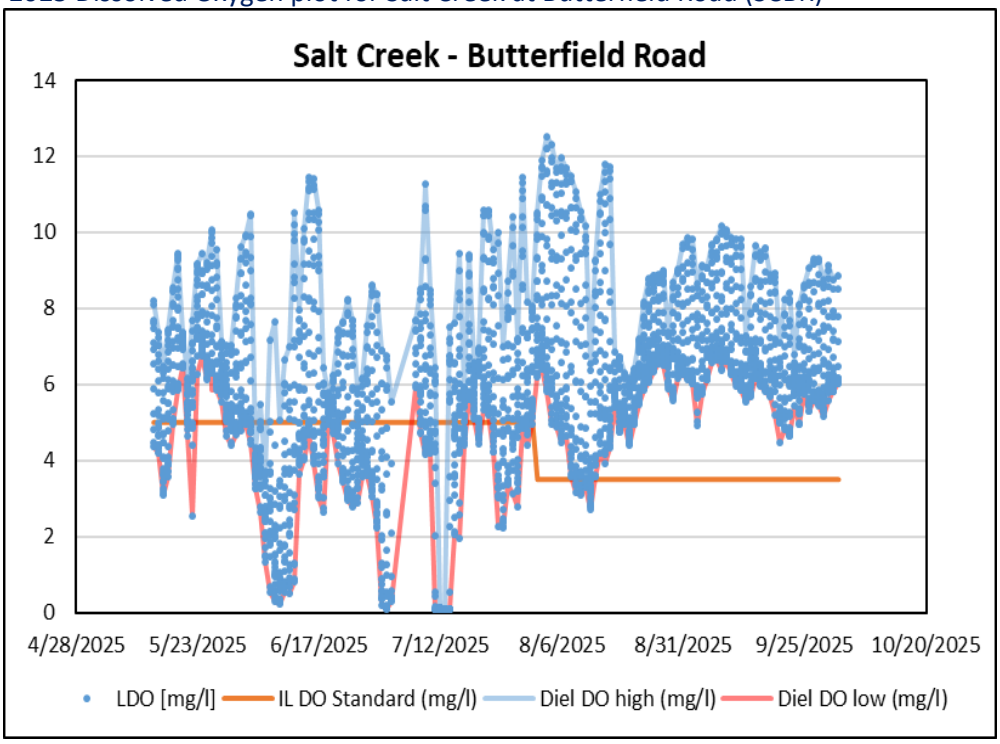
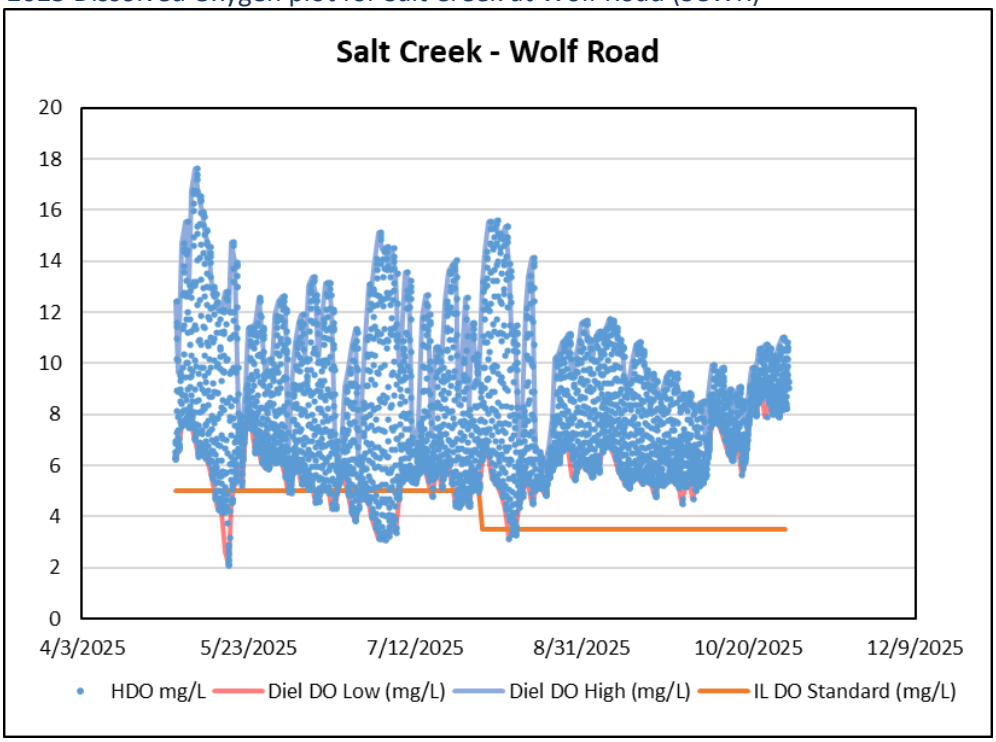


Figure 25. 2025 Dissolved Oxygen plot for Salt Creek at Wolf Road (SCWR)

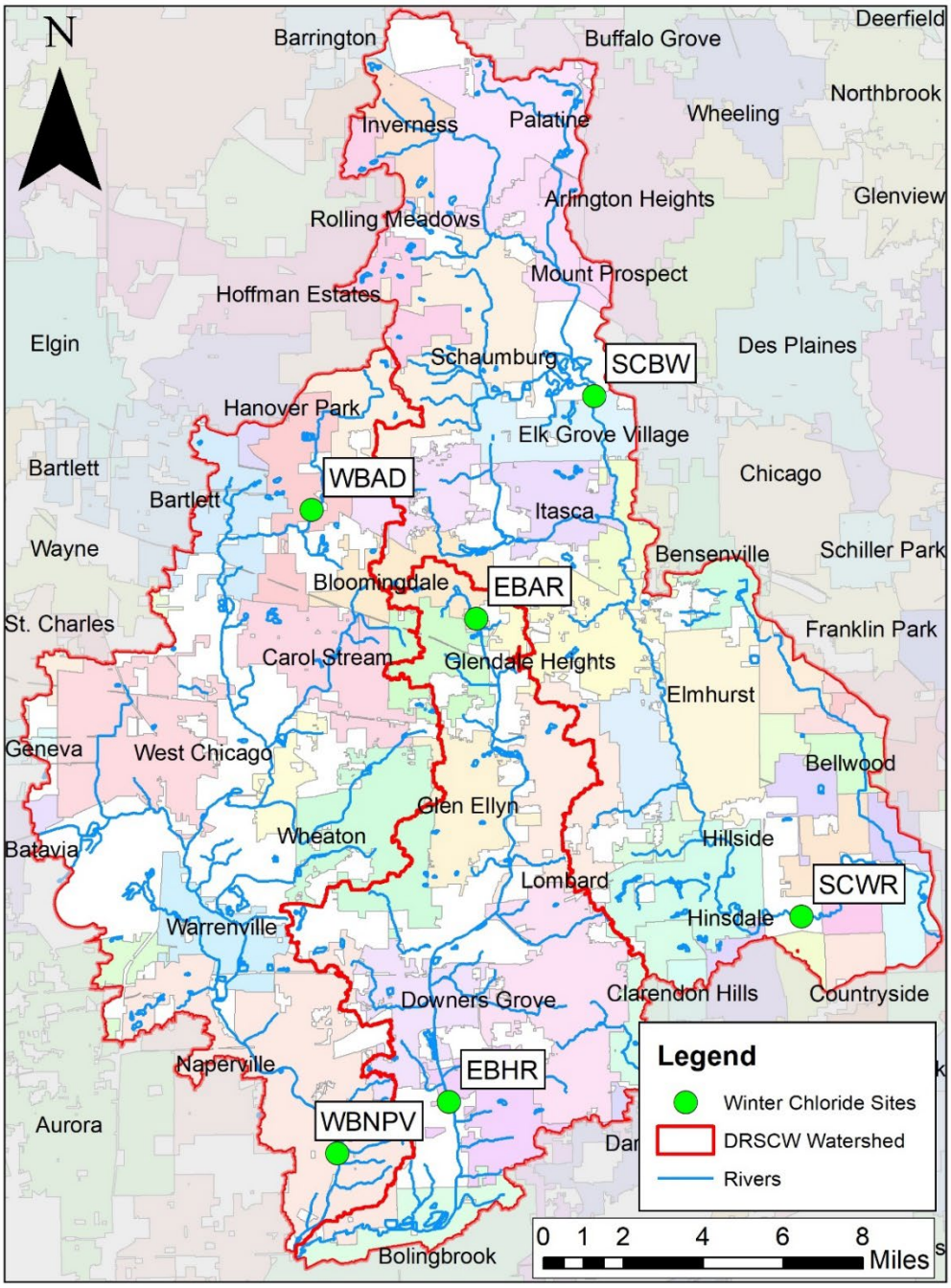


Expanded DO Monitoring

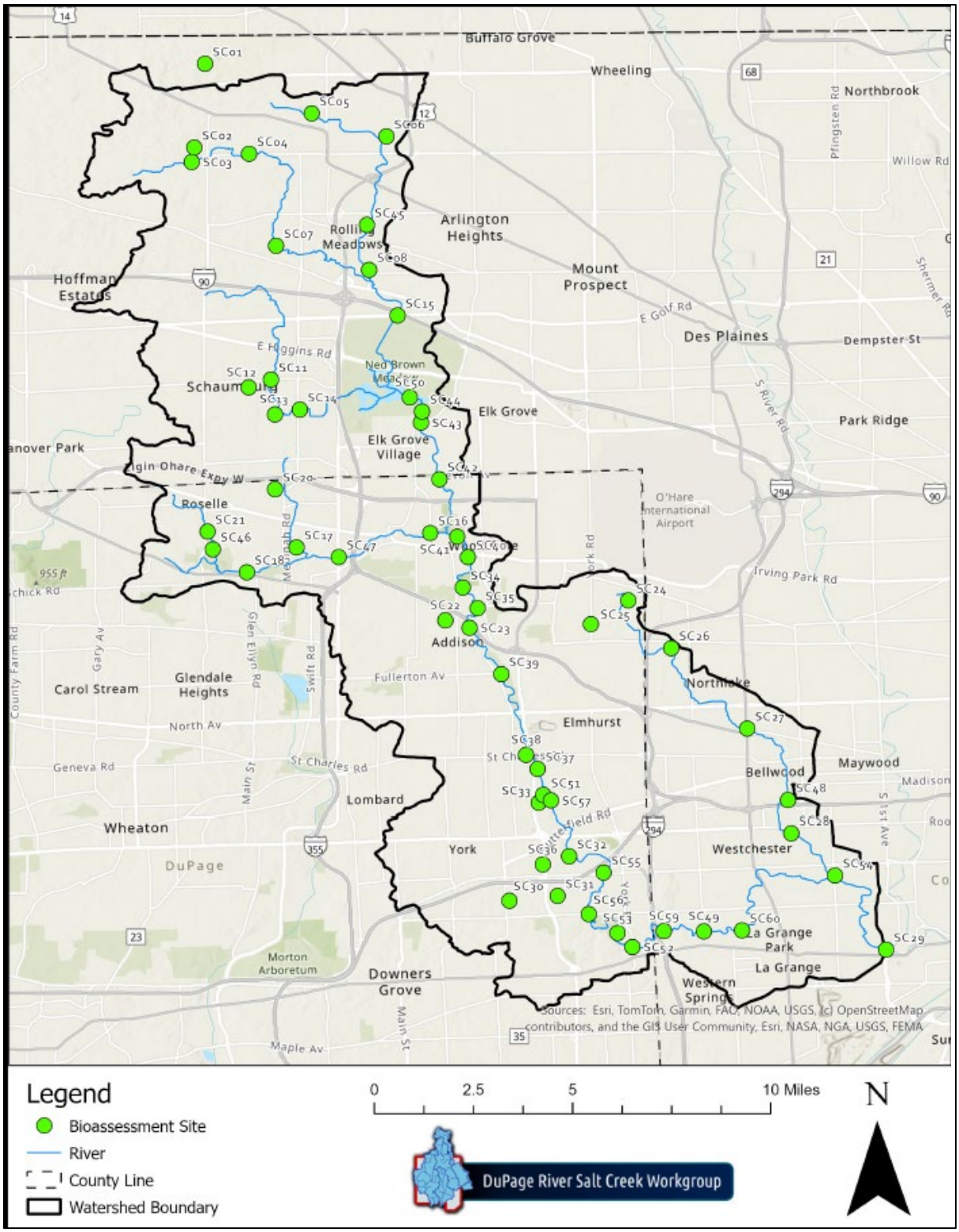
In 2019, the DRSCW began their expanded DO Monitoring Program as a means to collect additional data to support the calibration/validation of the QUAL2Kw models and to support the development of the Nutrient Implementation Plan (NIP). This program is coordinated with the Bioassessment Program (see Table 10 for schedule). Expanded DO sampling was conducted as part of the bioassessment in the Salt Creek watershed in 2025.

Table 12. Schedule for Expanded DO Monitoring

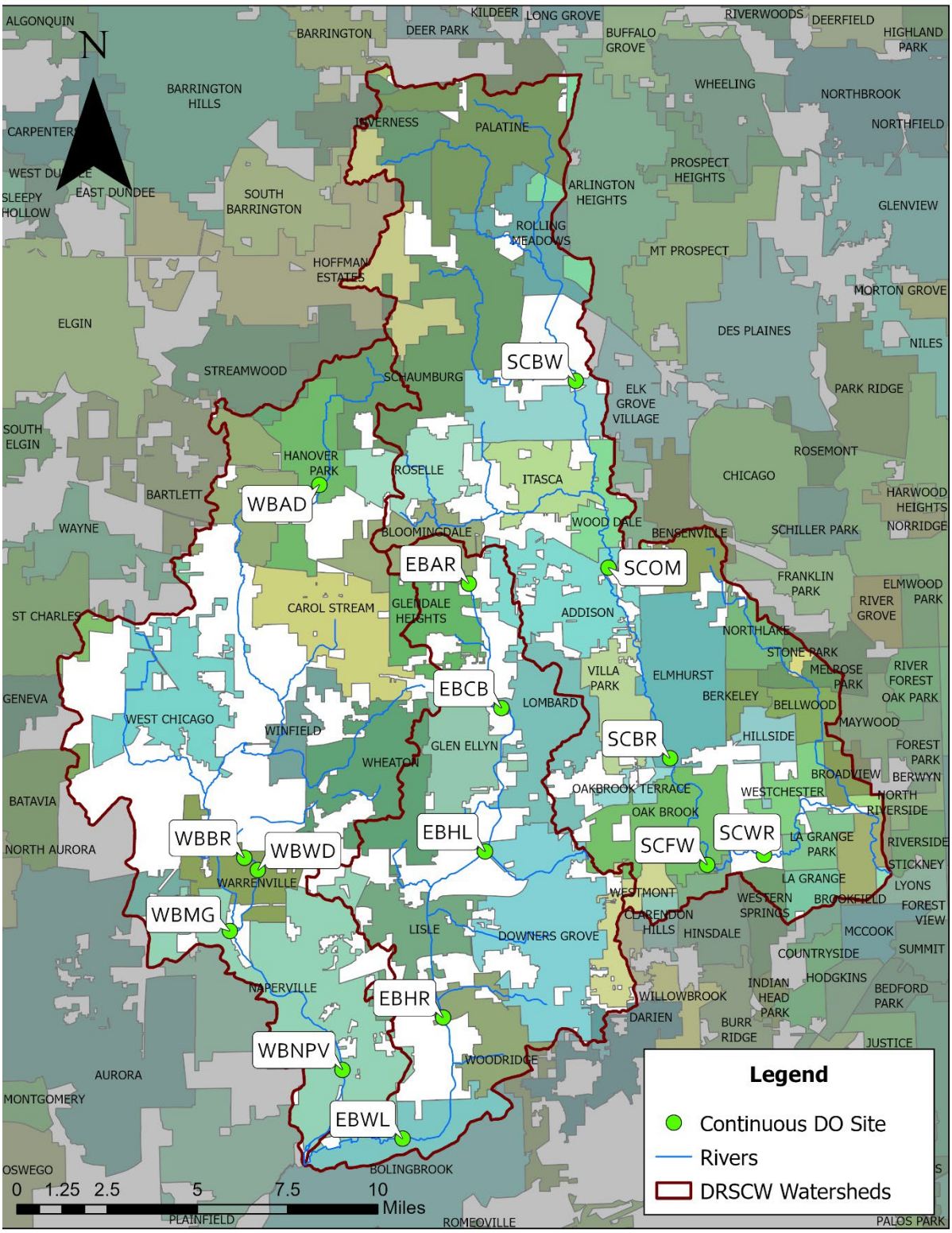
Basin	Year of Expanded DO Monitoring Completed	Year of Expanded DO Monitoring Scheduled
East Branch DuPage River	2019, 2023	2029
West Branch DuPage River	2020	2025
Salt Creek	2021	2027



Map 1. DRSCW Ambient Chloride Monitoring Locations



Map 2. 2025 Salt Creek Bioassessment Sampling Locations



Map 3. Continuous DO monitoring sites in the DRSCW watersheds (2025)

DuPage River Salt Creek Workgroup

Attachment 1

2025 Public Roads Workshop
Attendees List

2025 Public Roads Workshop Attendees by County			
Date	**Workshop**	**Municipality/Agency**	**County**
Sept. 23	Public Roads	Evanston	Cook
Sept. 23	Public Roads	Glenwood	Cook
Sept. 23	Public Roads	Homewood	Cook
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Evanston	Cook
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Flossmoor	Cook
Sept. 25	Public Roads	MWRD	Cook
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Palos Heights	Cook
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Skokie	Cook
Sept. 25	Public Roads	South Holland	Cook
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Evanston	Cook
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Prospect Heights	Cook
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Wilmette	Cook
Oct. 7	Public Roads	MWRD	Cook
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Tinley Park	Cook/Will
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Cook DOTH	Cook
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Midlothian	Cook
Nov. 12	Public Roads	MWRD	Cook
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Orland Park	Cook
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Riverside	Cook
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Tinley Park	Cook
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Bartlett	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Bloomingdale	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Bloomingdale Township Road District	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Bolingbrook	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Carol Stream	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Downers Grove Highway Dept.	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	DuPage County Stormwater Mgmt	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	DuPage Division of Transportation	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Glen Ellyn	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Lisle	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Lisle Township Highway Dept.	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Naperville Township Road District	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Warrenville	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Willowbrook	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Woodridge	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	York Township Road District	DuPage
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Addison	DuPage
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Addison Township Highway Dept.	DuPage
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Elmhurst	DuPage
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Westmont	DuPage
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Wood Dale	DuPage
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Batavia	DuPage
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Burr Ridge	DuPage

2025 Public Roads Workshop Attendees by County			
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Downers Grove	DuPage
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Glendale Heights	DuPage
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Milton Township Highway Dept.	DuPage
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Winfield Township	DuPage
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Woodridge	DuPage
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Glendale Heights	DuPage
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Roselle	DuPage
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Dundee Township Road District	Kane
Sept. 16	Public Roads	Plato Township Highway Dept.	Kane
Sept. 23	Public Roads	Lisbon Township Highway Dept.	Kendall
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Avon	Lake
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Antioch Township Highway Dept.	Lake
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Bannockburn	Lake
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Gurnee	Lake
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Lake Forest	Lake
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Lindenhurst	Lake
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Round Lake Park	Lake
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Shields Township Highway Dept.	Lake
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Woodland School District 50	Lake
Sept. 30	Public Roads	Wadsworth	Lake
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Gurnee	Lake
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Hawthorn Woods	Lake
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Ela Township Highway Dept.	Lake
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Fremont Township	Lake
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Grant Township	Lake
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Lake Zurich	Lake
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Vernon Hills	Lake
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Vernon Township	Lake
Nov. 12	Public Roads	Fox Lake	McHenry/Lake
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Woodstock	McHenry
Sept. 16	Public Roads	IL Dept. of Transportation	Multiple
Sept. 23	Public Roads	IL Dept. of Transportation	Multiple
Sept. 25	Public Roads	IL Tollway	Multiple
Sept. 30	Public Roads	IL Dept. of Transportation	Multiple
Sept. 30	Public Roads	IL Tollway	Multiple
Oct. 7	Public Roads	IL Tollway	Multiple
Nov. 12	Public Roads	IL Tollway	Multiple
Sept. 23	Public Roads	Frankfort	Will
Sept. 23	Public Roads	Mokena	Will
Sept. 23	Public Roads	New Lenox	Will
Sept. 23	Public Roads	Plainfield Township Highway Dept.	Will
Sept. 23	Public Roads	Wheatland Township Road District	Will
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Minooka	Will
Sept. 25	Public Roads	Romeoville	Will
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Channahon	Will

2025 Public Roads Workshop Attendees by County			
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Lockport	Will
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Romeoville	Will
Oct. 7	Public Roads	Shorewood	Will

DuPage River Salt Creek Workgroup

Attachment 2

2025 Parking Lots & Sidewalks
Workshop Attendees List

2025 Parking Lots & Sidewalks Workshop Attendees by County

Date	Workshop	Municipality/Agency	County
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	BLA, Inc.	Cook
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Dutch Valley Landscape Contractors	Cook
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	MWRD	Cook
Oct. 14	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	MWRD	Cook
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	MWRD	Cook
Oct. 14	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Park Forest	Cook
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Riverside	Cook
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Stepan Company	Cook
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Wilmette Park District	Cook
Oct. 14	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Tinley Park	Cook/Will
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	DuPage County Forest Preserve	DuPage
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	DuPage County Stormwater Mgmt	DuPage
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Glendale Heights	DuPage
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Naperville Park District	DuPage
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Willowbrook	DuPage
Oct. 14	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Willowbrook	DuPage
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Woodridge	DuPage
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Winter Services Inc.	Kane
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Fox Valley Park District	Kane/DuPage
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Bannockburn	Lake
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Hawthorn Woods	Lake
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Ingram Enterprises	Lake
Oct. 14	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Lake County	Lake
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Lake County Forest Preserve	Lake
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Libertyville Township	Lake
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Woodland School District 50	Lake
Oct. 14	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Woodstock	McHenry
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Crest Hill	Will
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Frankfort	Will
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	IMTT	Will
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Joliet Junior College	Will
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Mokena	Will
Oct. 14	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Romeoville	Will
Oct. 2	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Sanchez Landscapes	Will
Nov. 13	Parking Lots & Sidewalks	Shorewood	Will

DuPage River Salt Creek Workgroup

Attachment 3

2025 Calibration Workshop
Attendees List

Calibration Workshop Attendance by Workshop

Municipality/Township Name
November 4, 2026 --Lake County DOT Calibration Workshop
City of Lake Forest
Village of Lindenhurst
City of Prospect Heights
Village of Round Lake Park
Sanchez Landscapes
Woodland School District 50
Shields Township Highway Dept.
Village of Wadsworth
Village of Wilmette
November 5, 2026 -- Cook County DOT Calibration Workshop
Village of Minooka
City of Lockport
Cook County DOTH
Village of Tinley Park
Village of Flossmoor
City of Crest Hill
Village of Richton Park
City of Evanston
Metropolitan Water Reclamation District
IDOT/New Lenox
Village of Midlothian
Village of Mokena
November 6, 2026- DuPage DOT Calibration Workshop
Village of Glen Ellyn
York Township Highway Department
Village of Arlington Heights
Village of Hinsdale
Wayne Township
Village of Lombard
Wheatland Twp. Road District
Milton Township Highway Dept
Village of Bloomingdale
Downers Grove Township
IDOT/Dan Ryan
IDOT/St. Charles